

Dr. Earl Randolph Meyers, M.D. Father of Black Medicine



West Fresno California History

By: Eric Louis Bernard Meyers, Sr.

Who Was Dr. Earl Randolph Meyers, MD

GRAPEVINE

THE FAMILY MAGAZINE

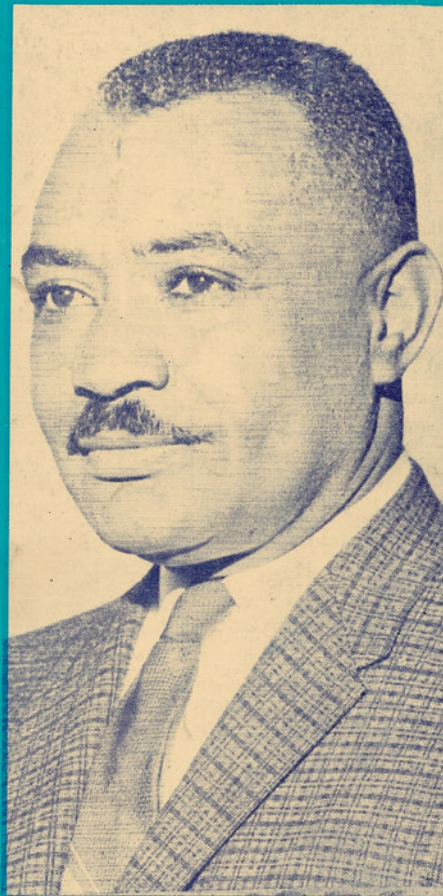
25c

September, 1971

FEATURING
OUTSTANDING ARTICLES
AND PICTURES COVERING
CENTRAL CALIFORNIA

INCLUDING:

- ★ Educational News for Parents
- ★ F.S.C.'s Football Players
- ★ Recipe of the Month
- ★ Black Festival Dates
- ★ Model of the Month
- ★ Plans for Edison High School
- ★ 20th Century Elks
- ★ Former Fresnans
- ★ People In the News
- ★ Birthdays and Anniversaries
- ★ Poems
- ★ Application Form for Central California's Best Dressed Women Selection



DR. EARL R. MEYERS
Father of Black Medicine in Fresno

Who Was Dr. Earl Randolph Meyers, MD



Dr. Earl Randolph Meyers is being honored this month by the GRAPEVINE as he enters into his 25th Silver Anniversary Year of medical practice in Fresno. Dr. Meyers, who is sometimes called the "Father of Black Medicine in Fresno" by his colleagues has given untiring medical assistance, support and encouragement to numerous Blacks and Mexican-Americans of this community in the fields of medicine, community health, and education.

"Earl" or "Turk," as many Fresno oldtimers affectionately call him, was transplanted in Fresno at the age of nine months when his dad, Mr. Louis Meyers and his mom, Mrs. Mary Meyers, along with their two older sons, Louis E. & John C., left Alexandria, Louisiana to make their stake on more fertile ground. Mr. and Mrs. Louis Meyers opened a grocery store-restaurant on "E" Street and young Earl was often seen there helping his mom and dad in the business. When the depression came and their customers were unable to pay their bills, the Meyers' closed the business and Mr. Meyers began, what was later to become, a lucrative and flourishing junk business.

Shortly thereafter, Earl's mom became ill, followed by a series of illnesses and operations, which lasted over a long period of Earl's young life. Here was when young Earl decided to become a doctor of medicine when he was inspired by Dr. Henry C. Wallace, the only black doctor who had been to Fresno. Earl was deeply impressed that Dr. Wallace was able to relieve his mother of pain and suffering. As the young Earl talked of wanting to be a doctor, many people told him that he could not be a doctor because he was black. In fact, he became so discouraged that, after finishing Columbia School and entering Edison High School, he decided that if he was to realize his ambition, he should change high schools. So he transferred to Fresno High School, where he took necessary subjects which were not offered at Edison. Earl excelled at Fresno High; but often had to walk the five miles to school since there were no school buses. After graduation, he matriculated into Fresno State College, but due to World War II he hurriedly completed the neces-

Dr. Earl Randolph Meyers, M. D.

Physician and Surgeon



© 2006 by Meyers Family Archives
Eric L.B. Meyers
All rights reserved. No part of this
book may be reproduced in any form
or by any electronic or mechanical
means including information storage
and retrieval systems without
permission in writing from the

Who Was Dr. Earl Randolph Meyers, MD

sary requirements for medical college and entered Meharry Medical College in Nashville, Tennessee. In September, 1945, he was graduated from Meharry as a Doctor of Medicine—his lifelong ambition finally realized. Since few, if any, white operated hospitals would accept Negroes at that time, he was apprehensive of getting an internship. Finally, he was accepted at Lincoln Hospital in Durham, North Carolina. Dr. Meyers completed his internship and a residency in Internal Medicine.

At about this time, Dr. Wallace had left Fresno and many blacks had to go without medical care as blacks and some minorities were not particularly welcomed as patients in white doctors' offices. This dire need for a black physician prompted citizens to write and ask Dr. Meyers to come "back home." Dr. Meyers returned to Fresno in August, 1947, hanging out his M.D. Shingle at 1246 "F" Street, a building his father had purchased for his office because he was so proud of him. Those were the days when black patients were segregated in the hospitals, consultations were hard to come by, and diarrhea in children was on the rampage, often leading to death. Many a mother would come home from the fields and find her baby near death from diarrhea and dehydration, rush her baby to Dr. Meyers for him to save.

Dr. Meyers worked tirelessly and faithfully. Because patients were not able to pay him for his services and buy their prescriptions too, he opened a dispensary in his office, giving patients their prescriptions at wholesale cost. Often he would not charge a patient, and more times than not, he would take money from his pocket, buy groceries for a hungry family; or have their lights and gas turned on, as there was no welfare as it is today to help many Blacks and Mexicans just coming to Fresno. He often argued and went "to bat" to see that a disabled patient qualified for veterans, social security, old age, or welfare benefits.

Dr. Meyers became involved in the total community. In 1953, when he was Legislative Chairman of the local NAACP, he became the first Black to be elected to a public office in Fresno. This position was on the Board of Freeholders, a Board set up by the citizenry to write a new city charter.

For ten years, Dr. Meyers practiced alone as the only Black physician in the Fresno area. Having such a voluminous practice, and sometimes working twenty hours a day, Dr. Meyers went to Denver, Colorado and encouraged a young Black doctor who had done a residency at Fresno General, to come to Fresno to practice. After this he encouraged many other Black doctors to practice here, many times referring patients to give them a good start. In 1957 he built the first-owned Black Medical Center—The Fresno-Klette Medical Arts Center—at 444 Fresno Street, because he wanted to see that Blacks and other minorities of the West Fresno area had a place where there was a community comprehensive medical program. There he shared this center with three other Black doctors and established a drug store with a black pharmacist, a laboratory and X-ray department as a convenience to the people of West Fresno.

Dr. Earl Meyers' deeds are too numerous to list in this publication for lack of space, but Fresno is indeed fortunate to have been the foster parent of this outstanding, farsighted, and brilliant man.

Dr. Meyers is the father of Earl Meyers, Jr., who is a graduate of Fresno State College, organist at Westside 7th Day Adventist Church and Second Baptist Church, and FSC Librarian; Eric Louis, who is a predoctoral senior at North Carolina Central University, Durham, N. C.; Gayle Katherine, who is a nursing assistant and student at Fresno City College; Michael Roderick, who is a sophomore at Oakwood College; and David Keith Meyers, who is a junior at Hoover High School.

Who Was Dr. Earl Randolph Meyers, MD



Dr. Earl R. Meyers, M.D.
1946



Dr. Earl R. Meyers, M.D.
1947



Dr. Earl R. Meyers, M.D.
1948



The Meyers Family

Dr. Earl R. Meyers, M.D. Physician & Surgeon

The Dream of Dr. Earl Randolph Meyers For His Medical Center in West Fresno

Early in his 1920's childhood, Dr. Earl Meyers recognized the need for adequate medical care as his mother, Mrs. Mary Cooper Meyers, suffered in pain until Dr. Henry Wallace, the only Black doctor in Fresno, came and rendered treatment. This early experience sowed the seeds in his young mind of becoming a medical doctor. He wanted to help people get well and stay well. From that time on, he dedicated his life for the practice of medicine.

After finishing Columbia Elementary School, he went to Edison High School where he soon learned that completing requirements for entrance into college premedical courses meant he needed Latin. Finding out that he could not get Latin at Edison, he sought the advice of a Fresno leader to help him get enrolled at Fresno High School, a predominantly white school where the required Latin was taught. The student Earl graduated from Fresno High with many of his classmates who were also later to become medical doctors and lawyers.

He entered Fresno State College on Van Ness and McKinley Avenues for his premedical courses. World War II was in its beginning stage. Medical schools were being taken over by the United States government for the training of doctors for military service. Earl was accepted into Military Medical College in Nashville, Tennessee, one of two Medical Schools for African-Americans. There, he was in the Army Specialized Training Program graduating in 1945 as a 1st Lieutenant.

To become licensed as a practicing physician and surgeon, it was necessary to complete a hospital internship for practical training. In 1945 he was accepted at Lincoln Hospital in Durham, North Carolina, which was, during those years of segregation in America, one of a few hospitals where African-Americans were admitted. During this hospital internship at Lincoln Hospital, Dr. Meyers met his future wife, Mattie Burton who was to become his business partner and the mother of his five children, Earl Jr., Eric, Gene, Michael, and David. Dr. Meyers followed his internship with a residency in Internal Medicine.

In the meantime, Dr. Henry Wallace went out of practice in Fresno, leaving a need for a Black doctor. Friends and Earl's parents prevailed upon him to come to Fresno because many were so much in need of medical care and many doctors across town were rumored to be hesitant to accept minority patients. Louis Meyers, Earl's father, the owner and operator of Louis Meyers and Sons Lumber business on Northern Avenue bought the 1240 F Street building in 1946 to allow Dr. Meyers to return to Fresno and establish his medical practice in 1947.

While his practice flourished as Fresno's only Black doctor, the United States became involved in the Korean Conflict and Dr. Meyers was called to as a U. S. Army Captain being stationed at Camp Roberts, California. Living at 206 Strother Avenue,

Earl and Mattie were expecting their fourth child which allowed Dr. Meyers to be discharged from the Army.

In 1951 he began his practice at 1229 F Street with his wife Mattie working by his side as his office and mother-in-law Julia Burton helping with the care of the children at home. As Dr. Meyers practice became overwhelmingly large, he sought to bring other Black doctors to share his medical practice. He said to his wife, "Mattie, Fresno needs to have more Black doctors." He went out of town and asked another Black doctor to come to Fresno. Another day, he told his wife, "We have got to find land to build a medical center where people can see their traffic and easy accessibility to get medical care." He said, "Mattie, I have been dreaming of a medical center where people can walk in without having to have transportation, get first class medical treatment, x-ray and laboratory work and their prescriptions filled at one place."

As most prime real estate property had clauses of restrictive covenants (not allowing Blacks and certain other groups to hold property) in their deeds and the U. S. Supreme Court had only recently outlawed such clauses in 1948, prime real estate was difficult to purchase. However, with Mattie looking up such West Fresno properties and neighborhood owners. At that time, Fresno Street was the site of choice. She was able to negotiate the purchase of the corner of Fresno and Elmer for cash purchase. They went to the prominent architect David Horn for plans for the center which included an x-ray and clinical laboratory. The first building was constructed of brick, glass and stucco and set on a hill. Shortly afterwards, the drugstore and three medical suites were added. Here, the Medical Center housed Dr. Meyers, Dr. Edward Moxley, Dr. Freddie Hayes, and later, Dr. Neal Smith, Stewart's Pharmacy, and Charles Wedge Laboratory.

Dr. Earl Meyers dream of a Fresno Community Medical Center came true. In less than two years, overwork and stress took its toll. Dr. Meyers fell ill. After his recovery, health diminished that he decided "The building was sold" (Mattie B. Meyers 12-22-02)



Fresno Medical Arts Center
1229 F Street, West
Fresno & Elmer
Fresno & Elmer Street
Fresno, CA 93703



Dr. Earl R. Meyers, M.D.
Physician & Surgeon
1948



Dr. Earl R. Meyers, M.D.
60+ YEARS
of Medical Service



ARTICLE 2: Who Was Dr. Earl R. Meyers, MD?



Dr. Earl Randolph Meyers was born in Alexandria, Louisiana on September 23, 1919 to Louis and Mary Cooper Meyers. He was the youngest of three brothers, Louis Evelyn and John Cooper Meyers. The family located to Fresno when he was just an infant and his father Louis Meyers opened Louis Meyers and Sons Junk Yard on Neilsen Avenue, corner of Thorne and Divisadero Streets. The business thrived as the three young brothers worked with their father. Young Earl's mother became gravely ill and Dr. Henry Wallace (the only Black doctor at that time) was called in to treat her. Witnessing the care given by Dr. Wallace inspired him to want to become a physician. Earl attended Edison High School but graduated from Fresno High School and was sent to Meharry Medical School in Nashville, Tennessee, one of only two medical schools for African-Americans during World War II. In 1945, he was accepted at Lincoln Hospital in Durham, North Carolina to complete his hospital internship for practical training, one of the few hospitals where African-Americans were admitted.

The Meyers Family - Fresno, California



Mattie B. Meyers, David Keith Meyers, Dr. Earl Randolph Meyers, M.D., Earl Randolph Meyers, Jr.
Gayle Katherine Fan Meyers Weerasekera, Eric Louis Bernard Meyers, Sr. Michael Rodderick Meyers, Pastor

ARTICLE 2: Who Was Dr. Earl R. Meyers, MD?

BY: Mattie B. Meyers

During this internship, Dr. Meyers met his future wife, Mattie Burton, who was to become his business partner and mother of his five children, Earl, Jr., Eric, Gayle, Michael and David. He followed his internship with a residency in Internal Medicine. In the meantime, Dr. Henry Wallace went out of practice in Fresno, leaving a void for an African-American doctor. Dr. Meyers' father, Louis, prevailed upon him to return to Fresno because many were so much in need of medical care and many doctors across town were hesitant to accept minority patients. Louis Meyers bought the 1246 F Street building in 1946 to entice Earl to establish his medical practice in 1947. While his practice flourished as Fresno's sole Black doctor, the United States became involved in the Korean Conflict and he was called in as a U. S. Army Captain being stationed at Camp Roberts, California. Living at 206 Strother Avenue, Earl and Mattie were expecting their fourth child which allowed Dr. Meyers to be discharged from the army. In 1951 he moved into a larger office at 1129 F Street. As the practice had begun to become overwhelmingly large, Dr. Meyers successfully encouraged a number of African American physicians to establish their medical practices in Fresno.



ARTICLE 2: Who Was Dr. Earl R. Meyers, MD?

By 1959, Dr. Meyers relocated his practice into a newly built medical center of his design at 444 Fresno Street. The facility also provided offices for two other physicians in addition to an on-site pharmacy and clinical laboratory. He practiced medicine in Fresno until 1975. Dr. Meyers married Karin Black Butterfield and left Fresno to retire in Pebble Beach on 17 Mile Drive. Not one to ever be idle, he established three medical practices in the Monterey and Salinas areas. In a decision to move to Oregon, they sold their house just before the huge fire that destroyed many homes there. In Oregon, they first moved to Port Orford and established a medical practice. About a year later they moved up the coast to Bandon, where he established yet another thriving medical practice. He gave up the Bandon practice to move to Coos Bay where he went into semi-retirement (again) only to become head emergency room physician. Later he assisted physicians in the Northwest United States, filling in as a substitute physician which took him as far as Adak, Alaska and King Cove in the Aleutian Islands and to Indian Reservations in Oregon and California. Always on the move, his health became a major issue and at the insistence of his loving and devoted wife, Karin, Dr. Meyers FINALLY retired at the age of eighty-six. On August 11, 2014, Dr. Meyers suffered a heart attack and was hospitalized at Bay View Hospital. While there he celebrated his 95th birthday and kept insisting that he was well enough to go home. His condition deteriorated and on October 1, 2014 he died with Karin holding his hand. His minister son, Michael and granddaughter, Susan, were there to comfort him as he went to sleep in Christ, surrounded by his sister-in-law Peggy and other family members.

ARTICLE 2: Who Was Dr. Earl R. Meyers, MD?



Dr. Meyers was preceded in death by his parents, Louis and Mary (Cooper) Meyers and his two brothers, Louis Evelyn Meyers and John Cooper Meyers. Dr. Earl Randolph Meyers Sr. is survived by his loving and caring wife of 44 years, Karin, Coos Bay, Oregon; his five children by Mattie B. Meyers of Fresno; Earl R. Meyers Jr. and his wife Shirley Fresno, Eric Meyers his wife, Tammy of Baltimore, Maryland, Gayle Weerasekera her husband, Chandra of Fresno, Minister Michael R. Meyers Sr. his wife Gloria of Grand Prairie, Texas and David K. Meyers of Fresno; one Step-Son Calvin Butterfield Jr., his wife Christy of Fresno, Dr. Meyers is also survived by (12) grandchildren: Earl III, Marc, Eric, Jr., (and) Jonathan Meyers, Hoesa Demery Jr., Jennifer & Brittany Stafford, Sharon Mattie Revis Green, Captain Michael R. Meyers II, his wife Captain Aida, Susan, Benjamin and Joseph Meyers; nine (9) great-grandchildren: Eddie III and Tahner Green, Alex Mckinzie, Aliza, Avianna, Amelia, Benjamin II, and Marcus Meyers, Nicolas Demery, and one (1) step great granddaughter Katie Butterfield; one niece, Sharon Louise Meyers White Kincey, (3) nephews, Rene, his wife Sharon, Joseph and John Stephen (Steve) Meyers his wife, Michelle; and a host of loving relatives and friends.

Who Was Dr. Earl Randolph Meyers, MD

Fresno Honors

Dr. Earl R. Meyers, M.D.

After 60 Years of Medical Service

NOVEMBER 26, 2006



Dr. Earl R. Meyers, M.D.
Shoreline, Retired at age 88
Living in Coos Bay, Oregon

Willie L. Brown, M.D.

Earl R. Meyers, M.D.

Mel Rosen, Ph.D.

This is Your Life of Service

A TRIBUTE TO COMMUNITY HEALTH CHAMPIONS

WEST FRESNO



Who Was Dr. Earl Randolph Meyers, MD



Dr. Earl R. Meyers, M.D.

After 60 Years of Medical Service

© 2006 by Fresno Family Builders
Earl R. Meyers



Dr. Earl R. & Karne Meyers, M.D.
Married 44 years
Living in Coos Bay, Oregon



MEYERS FAMILY MEMBERS!
Left to Right: Eric Meyers, Sr., son of Dr. Meyers - Carl R. Meyers, Jr., son of Dr. Meyers -
Barbara Lutz, Uncle John C. Meyers (age 90), brother of Dr. Meyers -
Right: Mrs. Shera Meyers, son of Uncle John C. Meyers.
Bottom Right Corner: Michael R. Meyers, Pastor, and son of Dr. Meyers.

It was a GREAT evening!



ARTICLE 3: Who Was Dr. Earl R. Meyers, MD?

Dr. Earl Meyers

Pioneer of Black Medicine In Fresno

As told by Mattie B. Meyers – 12/31/ 2005

Early in his 1920's childhood, Dr. Earl Meyers recognized the need for adequate medical care as his mother, Mrs. Mary Cooper Meyers, suffered in pain until Dr. Henry Wallace, the only Black doctor in Fresno, came and ministered treatment. This early experience sowed the seed in his young mind of becoming a medical doctor. He wanted to help people get well and stay well. From this time on, he dedicated his life for the practice of medicine.

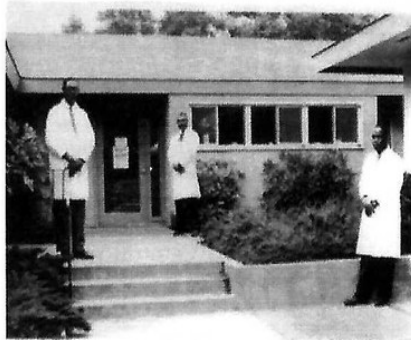
After finishing Columbia Elementary School, he went to Edison High School where he soon learned that completing requirements for entrance into college premedical courses meant he needed Latin. Finding out that he could not get Latin at Edison, his parents sought the advice of a Fresno leader to help him get enrolled at Fresno High School, a predominantly white school where the required Latin was taught. The studious Earl graduated from Fresno High with many of his classmates who were also later to become medical doctors and lawyers.

He entered Fresno State College on Van Ness and McKinley Avenue for his premedical courses. World War II was in its beginning stage. Medical schools were being taken over by the United States government for the training of doctors for military service. Earl was accepted into Meharry Medical College in Nashville, Tennessee, one of two Medical Schools for African Americans. There, he was in the Army Specialized Training Program graduating in 1945 as a 1st Lieutenant.

To become licensed as a practicing physician and surgeon, it was necessary to complete a hospital internship for practical training. In 1945 he was accepted at Lincoln Hospital in Durham, North Carolina, which was during those years of segregation in America, one of a few hospitals where African Americans were admitted. During this hospital internship at Lincoln hospital, Dr. Meyers met his future wife, Mattie Burton, who was to become his business partner and the mother of his five children, Earl Jr., Eric, Gayle, Michael, and David. Dr. Meyers followed his internship with a residency in Internal Medicine.

In the meantime, Dr. Henry Wallace went out of practice in Fresno, leaving a void for a Black doctor. Fresnoans and Earl's parents prevailed upon him to come to Fresno because many were so much in need of medical care and many doctors across town were rumored to be hesitant to accept minority patients. Louis Meyers, Earl's father, the owner and operator of Meyers and Sons Junk business on Nielson Avenue bought the 1246 F Street building in 1946 to entice Dr. Meyers to return to Fresno and establish his medical practice in 1947.

ARTICLE 3: Who Was Dr. Earl R. Meyers, MD?



While his practice flourished as Fresno's only Black doctor, the United States became involved in the Korean Conflict and Dr. Meyers was called in as a U.S. Army captain being stationed at Camp Roberts, California. Living at 206 Strother Ave., Earl and Mattie were expecting their fourth child which allowed Dr. Meyers to be discharged from the Army.

In 1951 he began his practice at 1129 F Street with his wife Mattie working by his side at his office and mother-in-law Julia Burton helping with the care of the children at home. As Dr. Meyers' practice became overwhelmingly large, he sought to bring other Black doctors to share his medical practice. He said to his wife, "Mattie, Fresno needs to have more Black doctors. He went out of town and asked another Black doctor to come to Fresno. Another day, he told his wife, "WE have got to find land to build a medical center where people can use foot traffic and easy accessibility to get medical care." He said, "Mattie, I have been dreaming of a medical center where people can walk in without having to have transportation, get first class medical treatment, x-ray and laboratory work and their prescriptions filled at one place

As most prime real estate property had clauses of restrictive covenants (no allowing Blacks and certain other groups to hold property) in their deeds and the U.S. Supreme Court had only recently outlawed such clauses in 1948, prime real estate was difficult to purchase. However, wife Mattie looked up such West Fresno properties and telephoned owners. At that time, Fresno Street was the site of choice. She was able to negotiate the purchase of the corner of Fresno and Klette for cash purchase. They went to the prominent architect David Horn for plans for the center which included an x-ray and clinical laboratory. The first building was constructed of brick, glass and stucco and sat on a hill. Shortly afterwards, the drugstore and three medical suites were added. Here the Medical Center housed Dr. Meyers, Dr. Edward Mosley, Dr. Freddie Hayes and later, Dr. Noel Smith, Stewart's Pharmacy, and Charles Hodge Laboratory.

Dr. Earl Meyers' dream of a Fresno Community Medical Center came true. In later years, overwork and stress took its toll. Dr. Meyers fell ill. After his recovery, health demanded that he downsize. The building was sold and he moved to Pebble Beach. He established a practice there, and then later moved again to Coos Bay Oregon where he retired.



In the Words of Dr. Earl Randolph Meyers, M.D.



"I only wanted to do one thing. I wanted to become a doctor. I wanted this since I was a little kid and my mother got sick and she was in so much pain. She would call the doctor and he would miraculously take her pain away. I never took my eye off being a doctor. I had to keep myself focused on that. I got through high school and I was number 28 from the top of 400. I went to undergraduate school at Fresno State. After college I started to apply for medical school and was accepted to Loma Linda, Stanford and Berkley. I chose Meharry Medical School because I thought it was going to be easier program. I thought this because it was a black college. I was never so wrong. They were so particular that you had to read the footnotes, because you would be tested on it. The idea was that you had to be better than your white counter parts. when I got through, I thought that it was the grandest feeling that I ever had. And I have never felt like "Gee I wish I don't have to go to work." I couldn't hardly wait to go to work. I think that to be able to treat someone was the best thing you could do. I never let anyone come thorough my office without being treated. I treated a lot of people for free. Sometimes they would pay me in oranges. Me and my wife Mattie disagreed on this point. I did everything that I wanted to do in medicine. I looked around 15 or 20 years later and I was not a specialist, younger doctors looked down at me. I then wondered what did I ever accomplish, and it came to me that I was made to be this kind of doctor, a general practitioner. I worked hard to help people and had the guts to be honest if I didn't know how to treat them. I had no problem referring them to someone else. I was the only one in my medical class that raised my hand saying that I wanted to treat the down trodden..... everyone laughed at me and the teacher called me a liar. But I really put money before treating a patient. I got what I wanted personally out of it... and I was able to get the money too. I was a good provider for my family and that was also important to me. I wanted to be the kind of husband that my dad was to my mother. I never got that feeling until I met my wife Karin. "

Interviewed by Sharon Revis-Green..... April 5, 2009



Fresno Bee Newspaper Articles

By: Sharon Revis-Green (Grand Daughter)

I spent a summer researching my grandfather Dr. Earl Meyers. It was during this research that I came across several archived newspaper articles from the Fresno Bee. I was able to find articles on my grandfather when he was fifteen years old. I found news articles as early as 1934. I learned many things about him, that I never knew. I learned that he was a pretty good baseball player. He was also a high jumper on the varsity track team. Who knew?

It was also a big deal when he went away to medical school and when he came home to visit. So big that they wrote articles about it in the local paper. Later, when he returned to Fresno, they continued to write about the wonderful things he was doing as a physician here in the valley.

This is a part of local Fresno history. Dr. Meyers was a huge part of it. I have compiled all the articles I could find, so that you could see the life of my grandfather, Dr. Earl R. Meyers from a different perspective.... according to the Fresno Bee.

Sharon Revis-Green



Sharon Mattie Revis-Green

Fresno Bee Newspaper Articles

WIN JUNIOR GAMES
 In the Junior American League ball games yesterday Einstein defeated Washington at Washington 5 to 3. Batteries for Einstein were Behrend, Jorgenson and Jorgenson. Batteries for Washington were Turner, Patlard and Mckelvey.
 Fink Smith defeated F. H. Ball at F. H. Ball 18 to 2. Batteries were: Fink Smith, E. Morris and Earl Meyers; F. H. Ball, L. Frank and Al Frank.

SOUTHERN ASSOCIATION
 Atlanta, 7; Cincinnati, 2.
 Little Rock, 4; New Orleans, 10.
 Nashville, 4; Knoxville, 1.
 Memphis, 3; Birmingham, 1 (five innings, r.f.m.).

Fresno Bee
 June 3, 1934

he was 15 years old won the Junior Games in baseball

Fink-Smith Nine Victors On California Field
 Eugene Morris buried the Fink-Smith Junior American League team to a 14-to-0 shutout victory over the California Field nine at the Fink-Smith Playground yesterday.
 The Fink-Smith sluggers touched Ronald, California Field moundsman for twelve hits in their raring spree. The California Field batsmen connected for five hits.
 Earl Meyers backstopped for Fink-Smith while Leland did like honors for the visitors.

Fresno Bee
 May 27, 1934

he was 15 years old ...playing baseball

Fresno Bee
 January 13, 1935
 (he was 16 years old playing in a community program)

Portion of Article Re-typed

This program will be: Devotional led by Mrs. Whitney of Merced; remarks by the president; song by the congregation; reading of minutes and appointment of committees; reading, Inman Knicholls, reading, Inmas Knicholls, duet by William and Eugene Morris, dialogue, Charles and Balyard Patterson solo, Mrs. Ruby Williams, reading, Lucy Carlton, saxophone solo, Earl Meyers, accompanied by Mrs. Ruth Wallace; trio Alice Saunders, Ollie Handton and Mrs. Estelle Dempsy; piano solo, Doris Thomas. The meeting will adjourn following committee reports.

Article Re-Typed

Win Junior Games

In the Junior American League ball games yesterday Einstein defeated Washington at Washington 5 to 3. Batteries for Einstein were Behrend Jorgenson and Jorgenson Kenneld. Batteries for Washington were Turner, Patlard and Mckelvey.

Fink Smith defeated F.H. Ball at F. H. Ball 18 to 2. Batteries were Fink Smith, E. Morris and Earl Meyers; F. H. Ball, L. Frank and Al Frank.

Article Re-Typed

Fink-Smith Nine Victors on California Field

Eugene Morris buried the Fink-Smith Junior American League team to a 14 to 0 shutout victory over the California Field nine at the Fink-Smith Playground yesterday. The Fink-Smith sluggers touched Ronald, California Field moundsman for twelve hits in their coring spree. The California Field batsmen connected for five hits. Earl Meyers backtanned for Fink-

West Fresno News

FRESNO BAPTIST CONVENTION ENDS
 Young People's Meeting Closes Sessions; Mrs. M. Saunders To Preside

Cafe Leases Additional Space For Expansion
 Several thousand dollars will be spent by proprietors of the Old Episcopal Cafe in improvements at 1407 Kern Street in the building adjoining the present location of the cafe. Through leasing the additional quarters they will double the floor space of their establishment. The lease was handled by Levy Brothers.

MISSIONARY VISITS MOTHER
 Miss E. Hanks of Oakland, a missionary for the New Hope Baptist Church, is visiting her mother, Mrs. J. Jordan, at the latter's home on Trinity Street. She will speak at a meeting of the advisory board of the Church of God in Christ, 1425 Anander Street, at 3:30 P. M. tomorrow. The public is invited.

CLUB WILL SELL PIES
 The Good As Any Club of the Mount Pleasant Baptist Church will sponsor a pie sale starting at 9 A. M. tomorrow at the home of Mrs. J. D. Brown, 1023 G Street.

A crackey racing contest will be a feature of a fish fry at 8 P. M. at the home of Mrs. Lillian Wolf, 1440 E Street. A prize will be awarded to the winner. Mrs. Lonora Natts is the chairman.

CLUB PLANS SNOW PARTY
 A snow party to morrow and Sunday in the General Grant National Park will be discussed at 8



Fresno Bee Newspaper Articles

LARGEST CLASS IS GRADUATED AT EDISON SCHOOL

Addresses by students, duet and quartet numbers and selections by a saxophone band marked commencement exercises last night at the Edison Technical School for the largest class in its history. Dr. W. E. R. Schottstadt of the board of education presented diplomas to fifty-three June graduates and a number who completed their work at the end of the first semester. Service E certificates, earned on a merit basis, were presented by Principal W. L. Potts to Shizuko Fujii and Kay R. Wren.

Ladies American Women
Miss Christine Dol, class soloist, outlined the fight of women for their rights. Her subject was "The American Woman Comes Of Age."

"Since August 28, 1920, when the nineteenth amendment was adopted, women have been active in public and national life," she said. "At the present time twenty-nine women hold high executive positions. Thirteen of them were appointed by President Roosevelt. There are 115 women in the legislatures of thirty-four states. The American woman has come of age and is making intelligent use of her citizenship. The woman of 1930 was a child compared with the woman of 1920."

George Nagel, whose subject was the American and His Newspaper, said Will Rogers' facetious comment, "All I know is what I read in the newspapers," is more nearly true of most of us than we are willing to admit.

"The sensational headlines of the newspaper," he said, "are for the same purpose as the leaders in store advertising. You get something more when you go inside."

Nancy Dreifel in a valedictory address said the school curriculum now includes not only the three R's but a study of the problems of real life. "High school students," she said, "are learning how to overcome inferiority complexes, how to make and keep friends and the rules of health."

"A Roosevelt served his country's great need a quarter of a century ago and a Roosevelt is serving his country's greater need today," said Hector Ronald Zamora. "Theodore Roosevelt left the White House after defeating his forces against depression and graft. Today after twenty-five years of growth, both good and ill, this nation is again looking to a Roosevelt for leadership in a crisis."

Andrew Renha paid tribute to various members of the class. Those introduced for outstanding scholarship were Hiram Ching, Miss Dol, Miss Dreifel, Ellen Itanaga, Frieda Schmidt and Victoria Marian Tola.

Addie Mae Barry and Alice Saunders, accompanied by Mrs. H. C. Wallace, sang a duet. A quartet consisting of Ella Reinhardt, Emil and Paul Wenzelberger, and Mrs. Mercedes H. Ringg led in the singing of America.

The saxophone band included Peter Calandra, Peter Jordana, Edo Pozzobon, Angelo Papagni, Minoru Saito, Fred Ruder, Ralph Fowler, Earl Meyers, John Dutes and Frances Condeita and was directed by E. C. Brohaska.

The class sponsors were Miss Ruby E. Brown and Miss Veda M. Jones.

Fresno Bee
June 7, 1934

he was 15 years old ...played in a saxophone band for the Edison High School graduation

Riverside Man's Skin Turns From White To Black

SANTA ANA, April 15.—(AP)—The Santa Ana Register said in a copyrighted story today that doctors are studying the case of William L. Morrison, 49, of Riverside, whose skin reportedly has turned from white to black since January.

The paper said that Morrison, an American, was taken ill after tending citrus orchard heaters in January. Two physicians in charge of the strange case, the Register said, discarded the theory that smudge smoke caused the ailment and diagnosed it as a rare form of melanosis, a disease which usually proves fatal.

The paper stated Morrison was under observation in St. Joseph's Hospital in Santa Ana for two days with about fifty physicians in attendance to study the case. The change in color was gradual, starting with his face and hands and finally turning his entire body black, it was reported.

After blood tests and careful analysis, the physician said that the color of skin came from a substance exuded from the liver into the blood stream. The change was painless, although Morrison dropped from his normal weight of 202 pounds to 160 and lost his appetite, the story said.

Article Retyped

Santa Ana, April 15, 1937.—The Santa Ana Register said in a copyrighted story today that doctors are studying the case of William L. Morrison, 49, of Riverside whose skin reportedly has turned from white to black since January. The paper said that Morrison, an American, was taken ill after tending citrus orchard heaters in January. Two physicians in charge of the strange case, the Register said, discarded the theory that smudge smoke caused the ailment and diagnosed it as a rare form of melanosis, a disease which usually proves fatal.

The paper stated Morrison was under observation in St. Joseph's Hospital in Santa Ana for two days with about fifty physicians in attendance to study his case. The change in color was gradual, starting with his face and hands and finally turning his entire body black, it was reported.

After blood tests and careful analysis, the physician said that the coloring came from a substance exuded from the liver into the blood stream. The change was painless although Morrison dropped from his normal weight of 202 pounds to 160 and lost his appetite, the story said.

Just an interesting article
April 15, 1937

Fresno Bee Newspaper Articles

Fresno Bee
April 15, 1937
(he was 18 years old playing in a program)

Portion of Article re-typed

The program will feature vocal solos by Miss Addie Mae Berry and Jack Smith, instrumental selections by Earl Meyers and piano numbers by Maxine Brooks Hughes. Rev. A. W. Hubbard will conduct a prayer service. The public is invited.

Fresno Bee
June 4, 1938
(he was 19 years old best man in a mock wedding)

Article Retyped

Two orchestras will play at a mock wedding the Mount Pleasant Baptist Church will sponsor on the night of June 16th in the Garibaldi Hall.

Music will be by Gene Morris and his Five Aces and by William Burns and his orchestra. Ernest King and Leroy Calhoun will sing. Mrs. Laura Merrywood is in charge of the affair.

A forty five minute program modeled after a radio presentation will be given preceding the wedding ceremony.

Principals in the wedding are: Mr. and Mrs. Edward Kaufman, bride and bridegroom; Fred Atwater, minister; Beulah Page, maid of honor; Louretta Bigby, Clara Robinson, Clara Hollins and Rosabelle Rogers, bridesmaids; Henry Sims Jr. best man; Earl Meyers, Roy Edmonson, Charles Hill and Will Atwater, ushers; Frances Birdwell and Shirley Williams, flower girls and Calvin Williams Jr. ring bearer. Mejha Campbell will sing the wedding song.

Lodge Will Conduct Educational Program

Arthur Ayers will be the speaker at the annual educational program to be sponsored by the Twentieth Century Kings Lodge No. 308 at 8 P. M. Sunday at the Second Baptist Church at F and M Street Streets. A. Dixon is chairman of the evening.

The program will feature vocal solos by Miss Addie Mae Berry and Jack Smith, instrumental selections by Earl Meyers and piano numbers by Maxine Brooks Hughes. Rev. A. W. Hubbard will conduct a prayer service. The public is invited.

ASSOCIATION TO MEET

The West Fresno Progressive Association will meet at the Garibaldi Hall, Tuolumne and M Streets, tonight at 8 o'clock. Mike Manfredi, the president, will preside.

SCHEIDT WILL PRESIDE

The Edison Social Club will meet at 8 o'clock tonight at the club hall, California Avenue and A Street. Henry J. Scheidt will preside.

West Fresno News

Church Plans Mock Wedding

Two orchestras will play at a mock wedding the Mount Pleasant Baptist Church will sponsor on the night of June 16th in the Garibaldi Hall.

Music will be by Gene Morris and his Five Aces and by William Burns and his orchestra. Ernest King and Leroy Calhoun will sing. Mrs. Laura Merrywood is in charge of the affair.

A forty five minute program modeled after a radio presentation will be given preceding the wedding ceremony.

Principals in the wedding are: Mr. and Mrs. Edward Kaufman, bride and bridegroom; Fred Atwater, minister; Beulah Page, maid of honor; Louretta Bigby, Clara Robinson, Clara Hollins and Rosabelle Rogers, bridesmaids; Henry Sims Jr. best man; Earl Meyers, Roy Edmonson, Charles Hill and Will Atwater, ushers; Frances Birdwell and Shirley Williams, flower girls, and Calvin Williams, Jr. ring bearer. Mejha Campbell will sing the wedding song.

Fresno Bee Newspaper Articles

Fresno Bee
September 10, 1942

(he was 23 years old graduated from Fresno State and going off to medical school)

Re-typed Article

A special program will be given Sunday evening in the Second Baptist Church, Merced and F Streets as a farewell to Earl Meyers, 544 Plumas Street, who will leave Monday to enter Meharry Medical College, Nashville, Tenn.

Representatives of American Legion State Center Post No. 511 and of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People will assist, and the chief speaker will be Dr. H. C. Wallace. A gift will be presented to Meyers. Mrs. D. J. Crawford is in charge of arrangements.

A graduate of the Fresno High School, Meyers recently completed pre medical work at the Fresno State College. He is the son Mr. and Mrs. Louis Meyers.

Farewell Party, Planned For Departing Student

A special program will be given Sunday evening in the Second Baptist Church, Merced and F Streets, as a farewell to Earl Meyers, 544 Plumas Street, who will leave Monday to enter Meharry Medical College, Nashville, Tenn.

Representatives of American Legion State Center Post No. 511 and of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People will assist, and the chief speaker will be Dr. H. C. Wallace. A gift will be presented to Meyers. Mrs. D. J. Crawford is in charge of arrangements.

A graduate of the Fresno High School, Meyers recently completed pre medical work at the Fresno State College. He is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Louis Meyers.

Fresno Bee
September 25, 1944

(he was 25 years old visiting home from med school)

Article Retyped

Student Is A Visitor

Earl Meyers 25, a junior student in the Meharry Medical College in Nashville, Tenn, is visiting in the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Louis Meyers, 544 Plumas Street. He was accompanied here is classmate J. W. Parker of Pine Bluff, Ark.

Meyers, a graduate of the Fresno High School, took his premedical work at Fresno State College. He expects to graduate in September 1945, and after serving an internship will be commissioned a first lieutenant in the army medical corps.

While attending high school and college here Meyers was a high jumper on the varsity track team. He plans to return to Nashville next Thursday.

Student Is Visitor

Earl Meyers, 25, a junior student in the Meharry Medical College in Nashville, Tenn., is visiting in the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Louis Meyers, 544 Plumas Street. He was accompanied here by his classmate, J. W. Parker of Pine Bluff, Ark.

Meyers, a graduate of the Fresno High School, took his premedical work at Fresno State College. He expects to graduate in September, 1945, and after serving an internship will be commissioned a first lieutenant in the army medical corps.

While attending high school and college here Meyers was a high jumper on the varsity track team. He plans to return to Nashville next Thursday.

Durham North Carolina Newspaper Articles

Marriage of Dr. Earl R. Meyers and Mattie Douglas Burton

In the Durham home of Ms. Fannie B. Rosser



Fresno Bee Newspaper Articles

[1946]

NOVEMBER BRIDE



MRS. EARL RANDOLPH MEYERS, who prior to her marriage on November 16th to Dr. E. R. Meyers of Fresno Calif., was Miss Mattie Douglas Burton of Durham. Mrs. Meyers is an honor graduate of North Carolina Col-

lege and a member of the Delta Sigma Theta Sorority. Doctor Meyers is a graduate of Meharry Medical College, Nashville, Tenn., and a member of the Kappa Alpha Psi Fraternity.

[Ca. Nov. 17, 1946]

SECTION—A

**Miss F. B. Rosser
Announces Marriage
Of Foster Daughter**

Miss Fannie B. Rosser announces the marriage of her foster daughter, Miss Mattie Douglas Burton to Dr. Earl Randolph Meyers of Fresno, Calif.

The ceremony was performed Saturday evening, November 16th at 6 o'clock at the home of the bride and foster par-

ent, 504 Dupree Street.

Mrs. Meyers is an honor graduate of North Carolina College and a member of the Delta Sigma Theta Sorority.

Dr. Meyers is a graduate of Meharry Medical College, Nashville, Tenn., a member of the Kappa Alpha Psi Fraternity and the son of Mr. and Mrs. Louis Meyers of Fresno, Calif. Mrs. Myers is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Fred L. Burton of Durham.

The couple plan to spend the

Fresno Bee Newspaper Articles

B Street Center Youth Aid Is Praised

The work of the B Street Community Center in providing a safe haven for the underprivileged was praised last night by Mayor Blanton, a special service officer of the Fresno Police Department.

Speaking at the second annual dinner of the organization in the center building at 1707 E. S. Blanton declared seven more centers are needed to meet the requirements of Fresno's boys and girls.

"The police department is always behind this center," he noted. "The police never have called there, which is something cannot say of all the playgroves and churches."

William E. Vickery, a member of the Fresno State College faculty, spoke on civil rights, discussing equality, safety, political freedom, and freedom of expression for all classes of people.

Mrs. Roger Edwards, Miss Dorothy Sumner, Dr. Earl R. Meyers and Ernest Beal were elected as new members of the center's board of directors. The holdover board members are Chester H. Cary, Ishawan, Mrs. George W. H. Pope and Miss Josephine Seraho.

W.
Ser-
ated
hile,
and
per-
te B
the

N

COMPLE
CLEANII

Part of Article Retyped

Mrs. Roger Edwards, Miss Dorothy Sumner, Dr. Earl R. Meyers and Ernest Beal were elected as new members of the center's board of directors. The holdover board members are Chester H. Cary, Ishawan, Mrs. George W. H. Pope and Miss Josephine Seraho.

Fresno Bee
May 5, 1948
(he was 29 years old participating on the board for a neighborhood center)

September 17, 1952
(he was 33 years old participating in a blood drive)

Posts Schedule Drawing

Fresno area posts of the American Legion are seeking at least 150 pints of blood for the Fresno Veterans Administration Hospital.

They will hold a blood drawing in the Post 509 Clubhouse at 3526 North First Street, Tuesday, from 4 to 6:30 P.M.

Members of the committee said the VA hospital needs from 125 to 150 pints of donated blood each month to care for veterans of both World Wars and the Korean conflict.

The committee members with whom appointments can be made and their telephone numbers, follow:

Fresno Women's Post No. 367, Esther Pickford, 7-2879; George Van Vleet Post No. 594, George Sinopoli, 7-1670; State Center Post No. 511, Dr. Earl Meyers, 4-3200; Fresno Post 4, J. F. Lewis, 4-9375, and Fresno Federal Post No. 509, Kay Dennis, 7-6223.

Portion of Article Retyped

Fresno Women's Post No. 367, Esther Pickford 7 2879 George Van Vleet Post No. 594, George Sinopoli, 71676; State Center Post No. 511; Dr. Earl Meyers, 49200; Fresno Post 4, J. F. Lewis 49375 and Fresno Federal Post No. 509, Kay Dennis, 7622.

Fresno Bee Newspaper Articles

Fresno Bee
May 15, 1952
(he was running for the community center director)

B-Street Community Center Candidates For Director Are Named

A slate of 11 prospective directors for the B-Street Community Center will be voted on at the next regular meeting scheduled June 9th.

They are named at the sixth annual meeting of the center's directors and members in the Edison High School social hall last night at which Dr. Mark Zeffert, a Fresno psychiatrist, was the speaker.

The nominees are Mrs. W. H. Mikesell, Gerald A. Slater, Municipal Judge Leonard L. Meyers, Stuart M. White, Morris Mindell, Mrs. E. A. St. James, Tony Carrillo, Luke Gavosto, Matthew B. Thomas, Dr. Earl Meyers and George Krohn.

Nomination is tantamount to election.

Some 180 persons attended the dinner session which featured entertainment presented by pupils of Aurora Proctor and solos by Shirley Williams, Max Hoan, the president, presided at the meeting which was arranged by Cecil C. Hinton, the center's director.

Freeholder Unit Calls Hearings In Charter Drafting

The board of freeholders which is drafting a new charter for the City of Fresno has called public hearings in the Fresno County Schools Administration Building auditorium for the week of June 15th.

J. Martin Winton, the board chairman, requested any presentation be in writing as well as orally.

Winton added the hearings will be continued the following week if necessary.

Wants Statements

Winton also urged civic organizations to submit statements to the board on the type of government which Fresno should have.

Meanwhile, a three man publicity committee composed of Richard S. Baird, Dr. Earl R. Meyers and Claude J. Lisle was appointed to map special efforts for getting the public out for the sessions.

In other actions at the regular meeting late yesterday afternoon in the Fresno City Hall the board decided to request the League of California Cities to furnish the names of attorneys in the state, qualified in municipal law, from which the board can select a legal adviser who ultimately will draft the new charter.

June 9, 1953
(on the committee to start a new Fresno Charter)

Fresno Bee Newspaper Articles

Here Are
Fresno
Freeholders



Leonard D. Bowen Richard M. Hicks Richard S. Baird Dr. Earl R. Meyers J. Martin Winton Mrs. Mary E. Chamberlin B. W. Gearhart



C. H. Artrian Paul Gregg C. E. Bradford J. M. Bovis Claude J. Lusk Norman Rudy Victor DeLuca J. W. Warner

Fresno Bee
April 14, 1953

Get Acquainted Meeting Is Planned By College PTA

The Fresno State College Elementary Parent-Teacher Association will hold a get acquainted meeting October 12th at 7:30 PM in the school on the new campus at Cedar and Shaw Avenues.

Arrangements for the meeting were made when the executive board of the unit met Wednesday in the school conference room.

The new officers of the unit are Mrs. Besley A. Lewis, president; Mrs. Evans R. Namar, first vice president; Andrew D. Ripoy, the principal, second vice president; Mrs. Ted Markarian, treasurer; Mrs. Jerome R. Breijouw, secretary; Mrs. Roy D. Stancoff, historian, and Mrs. John Geringer, parliamentarian.

The committee chairmen are Mr. and Mrs. George J. Roth, attendance and membership; Mrs. Dwight L. Williams, budget and finance; Mrs. G. B. Cearley, citizenship; Mrs. Nish S. Tatossian, health and safety; Mrs. Clifford C. Banks, legislation and school education; Mrs. Clarence H. Heagy, Mrs. Sidney Johnson and Eugene Brinker, art; Mrs. Roy Dubisch, parent education; Mesdames H. D. Richards, Earl R. Meyers and Albert E. Chadlock, projects; Mrs. Charles Blodgett of Covis, publicity; Mrs. Harold B. Windell, radio and television; Mrs. E. O. Edwards, room mothers and hospitality; Mrs. Andrew D. Patterson, scholarship tea; Mrs. James Snedeker, telephone and inside publicity; Mrs. Richards, transportation; and Mrs. Vernon Friesen, youth activities.

October 3 1953 - Getting acquainted with the PTA

Fresno Bee Newspaper Articles



Dr. Earl R. Meyers, Freedom Fund and 1962 Banquet Chairman. Dr. Meyers is an ardent NAACP supporter, being the first Fresno Branch Paid Up Life Member. He has encouraged many Negroes to engage in the business and professional development of the Fresno community. He is the first Negro to have been elected to a public office when he ran for freeholder. For years, he advocated the Annual Freedom Fund Dinner and last year his dream became successful reality.

Fresno Bee
Jan 10, 1964

Earl R. Meyers, M.D., is resuming his practice at 444 Fresno St. (adv.)

Re-typed Article

Earl R. Meyers, M.D. is resuming his practice at 444 Fresno St.

Fresno Bee Newspaper Articles

Fresno Bee July 25, 1964

Initiative Foes Plan Office In West Fresno

Californians Against Proposition 14 will open a West Fresno office at 452 Fresno Street.

Edward Lester chairman of the committee, said automobile stickers, literature and information against the proposition will be available in the new office and in the main office, 265 North Van Ness Avenue, beginning Monday.

Proposition 14 is a ballot initiative which would, if approved by a majority of the voters in November, nullify the Rumford Fair Housing Act, and nullify other laws prohibiting racial discrimination in the buying and selling of property.

The local committee against the initiative plans a voter registration drive to blanket West Fresno, where it estimated that only one out of four persons is registered to vote.

Persons interested in becoming deputy registrars are asked to attend a meeting in the office at 452 Fresno Street Tuesday at 7:30 PM. Dr. Hubert Phillips has charge of voter registration for the group.

Mattie Meyers
fight for civil
rights in Fresno

Baby Suit Blood Tests Are Awaited

Superior Judge Kenneth Andreen announced he is reserving his decision in a paternity suit against Dr. Earl R. Meyers, a Fresno physician, until he receives the results of laboratory tests of blood samples.

Dr. Meyers is accused by Leona Alexander, 25, a former elevator operator, of fathering a son born to her in December, 1962. Dr. Meyers denied the allegation in a two day trial concluded yesterday.

Judge Andreen said he will hear arguments of lawyers if requested before making his decision.

The judge said he will not make his decision before August 17th because he is on vacation.

Dr. Meyers
fight against
paternity

Fresno Bee
Sept. 22 1964

Doctor Wins Paternity Suit Ruling

Superior Judge Kenneth Andreen has decided in favor of Dr. Earl R. Meyers in a paternity suit brought by Leona Alexander, 24, a former elevator operator, for support of an 18 month old son.

Dr. Meyers denied he is the father of the youngster.

Testimony in the two day trial brought out that Miss Alexander, the mother of three, had named another man as the child's father when she sought welfare aid.

Fresno Bee Newspaper Articles

Fresno Bee
May 31, 1968

Dr. Earl R. Meyers MD will be out of his office until July 8th, 1968, due to illness. (adv.)

Retyped Article

Dr. Earl R. Meyers MD will be out of his office until July 8, 1968, due to illness

Fresno Bee
March 2 1969
Relocating his medical practice

Earl R. Meyers M.D. is relocating his office at 2807 Fresno St. (Civic Center Professional Building) Fresno and P St. 2 Blocks West of Community Hospital, March 15, 1969, Hours 7 a.m. thru 12 p.m.

Article Retyped

Earl R. Meyers M.D. is relocating his office at 2807 Fresno St. (Civic Center Professional Building) Fresno and P St. 2 Blocks West of Community Hospital, March 15, 1969. Hours 7am thru 12 p.m.

Earl R. Meyers M.D. announces that his practice of medicine is strictly limited to office visits only. No hospital or home visits. No exceptions Hours 8 AM to 2 PM. (adv.)

Earl R. Meyers M. D. announces that his practice of medicine is strictly limited to office visits only. No hospital or home visits. No exceptions. Hours 8 am to 2pm.

Fresno Bee
October 25, 1975
Decreasing medical responsibilities

Bandon, Oregon

The Practice

With Dr. Meyers, M.D.



Dad
Gayle
Eric



Port Orford, Oregon Medical Practice

CURRY FAMILY MEDICAL PRACTICE

1403 Oregon Street P.O. Box 14
Port Orford, Oregon 97465-0014
(503) 332-0075

April 8, 1986

Randy Hempling
Administrator
Curry General Hospital

Dear Randy,

On April 22, 1986 will make the 9th month our Clinic has been in operation. We started with 4 patients and we are now solidly seeing between 20-25 patients daily. Thanks to Reg Williams and Ted Taylor who gave up their practice here and encouraged their patients here to come to me.

Our staff has worked miracles by making our patients feel they are the most important thing. This has been on a one-on-one contact basis. Patricia, my most capable assistant, and Betsy, our Lab and Xray Tech, make every emergency after office hour calls with me on each patient. Not one time have they given me an excuse as to why they were not available. This the community is aware of. The people know that if they need us we are available at our Clinic at any hour of the day or night.

It is this one main thing which I believe has made this Clinic a growing success; availability at the patients' convenience. My staff stops a patient in their tracks if they try to apologize for the inconvenience of bothering us. Both Patricia, Betsy and I tell them right off they have nothing to apologize for. It is our job to be here when they feel they need us. This attitude has gotten around to the whole town and outlying community about our dedication to our patients. We have the proof of this (Patients) appreciation when they come back asking us to take them on as patients.

We have attempted to make getting a consultation easier. 1. We have Elmer Specht, M.D. once a month on Orthopedics. 2. Ron Thompson has seen his Physio Therapy Clinic grow from twice a week to 3 times weekly and his schedule is always full. 3. We have a well attended Diabetic Clinic and we hope to make it into a Chapter of the American Diabetic Association. 4. Jammers Atherton of C.G.H. heads a breathing Clinic (PACE) which completely filled up and we have 2 more for a future Clinic. 5. Dr. Bolin has a full Internal Medical Clinic and he is here twice monthly. 6. Dr. Bill Kelso has a very well attended Trauma Clinic each week.

CURRY FAMILY MEDICAL PRACTICE

1403 Oregon Street P.O. Box 14
Port Orford, Oregon 97465-0014
(503) 332-0075

page 2

7. We also have Mr. Bruce Lundgren who has a Hearing Aid Clinic. All of these Clinics are well attended by the patients who welcome not having to go to Coos Bay or Gold Beach on consult.

We are trying to establish these Clinic in the future.

1. I'm in contact with a Podiatrist who is interested in establishing a practice once or twice weekly.
2. I'm in contact with a dietician who is interested in establishing a Diet and Nutrition Clinic once a week here.
3. I'm in contact with a Dentist who wants to locate in Port Orford and wants to affiliate with Westworld.

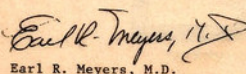
I am sure that the above Clinics can be established before the end of this year. I'm very elated about the Dental and Podiatry Clinics as I feel they can and will be very successful in every respect.

I would also like to thank Glenda and Randy for being supportive of us and providing us with the help we have received.

All in all, the Port Orford Clinic is very viable, alive and growing.

On the 22nd of July will mark our first anniversary at our Clinic. I feel that we should have an open house and some type of entertainment for our patients. I would suggest having an open house in the morning and afternoon with punch and hors'd'oeuvres'. In the afternoon and evening we could rent the movie house for a show and have live entertainment on stage, serving the usual hot dogs, cold drinks, popcorn, etc.

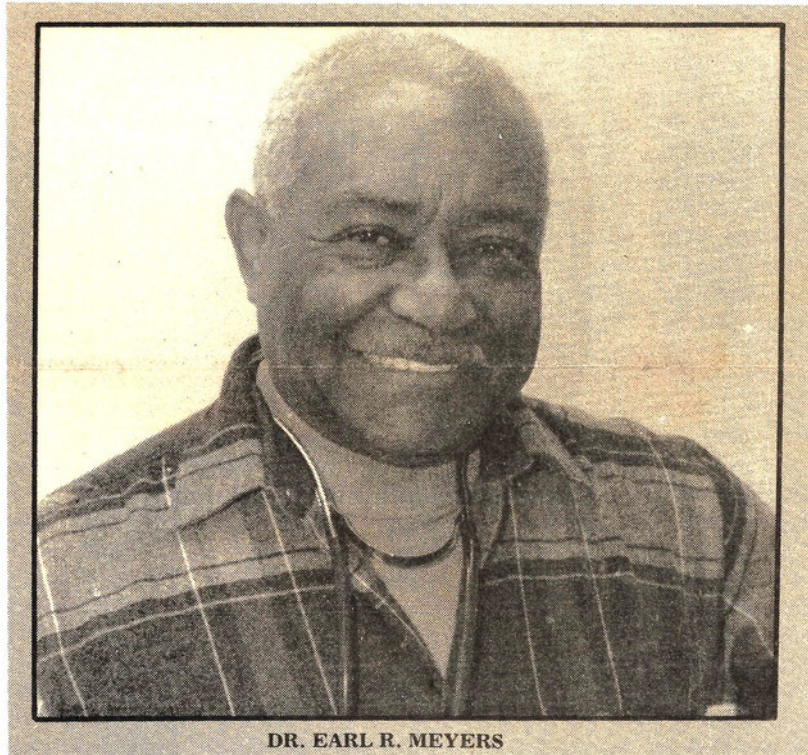
Please comment.


Earl R. Meyers, M.D.

cc: Glenda W.

ERM/mk

Port Orford, Oregon Medical Practice



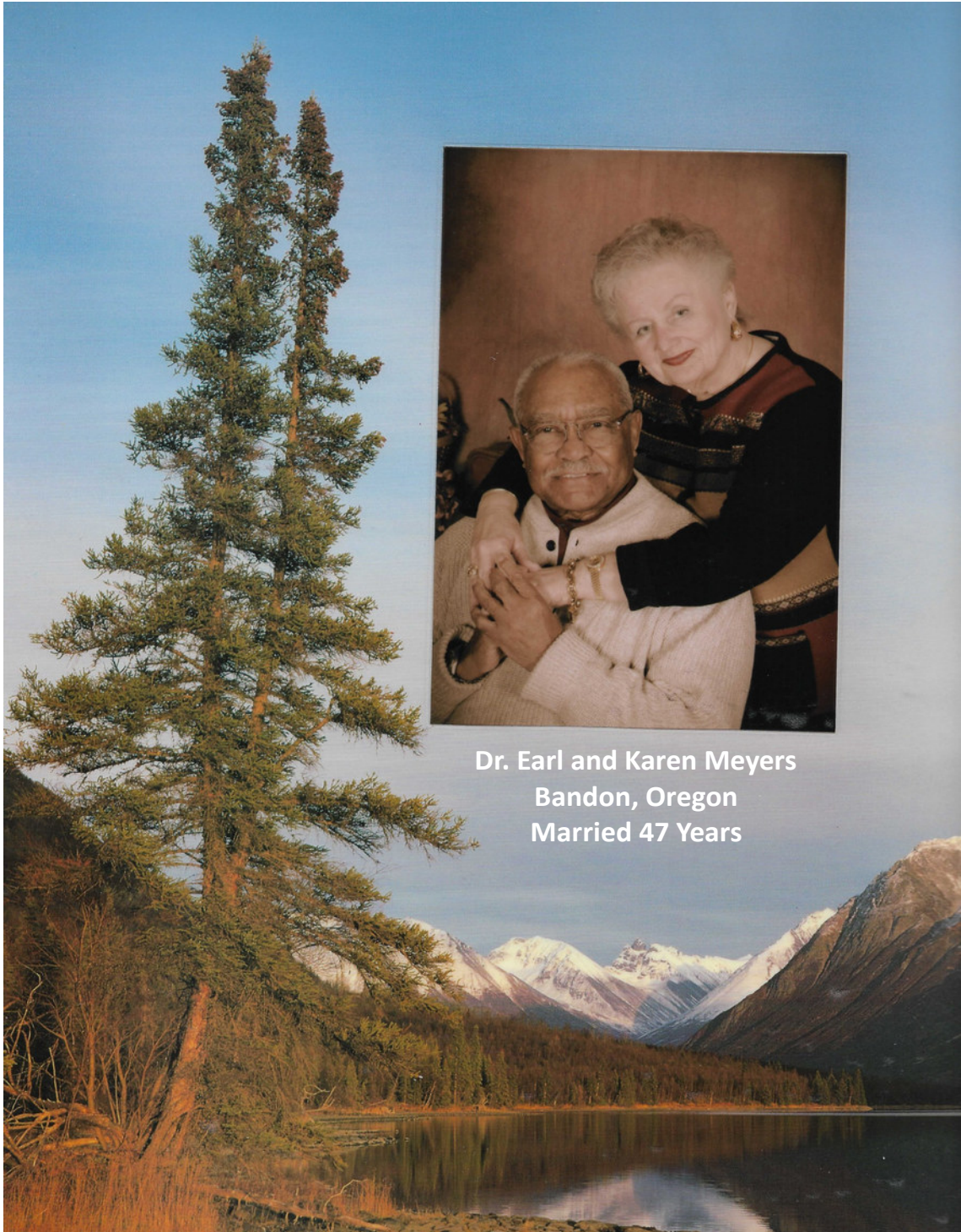
DR. EARL R. MEYERS

Port Orford Clinic sets and breaks record in same month

On April 1, 1986, Dr. Earl R. Meyers sent the following letter to the administrator of the C.G.H. Health Network. The letter is reprinted here, in its entirety, to show the wonderful teamwork which exists in Port Orford and to congratulate them on their latest record -- in April their patient visit goal, for one day, was to take care of 40 patients -- they in fact saw over 42 patients! What a vote of confidence from your community, Dr. Meyers. You and your staff are to be commended.

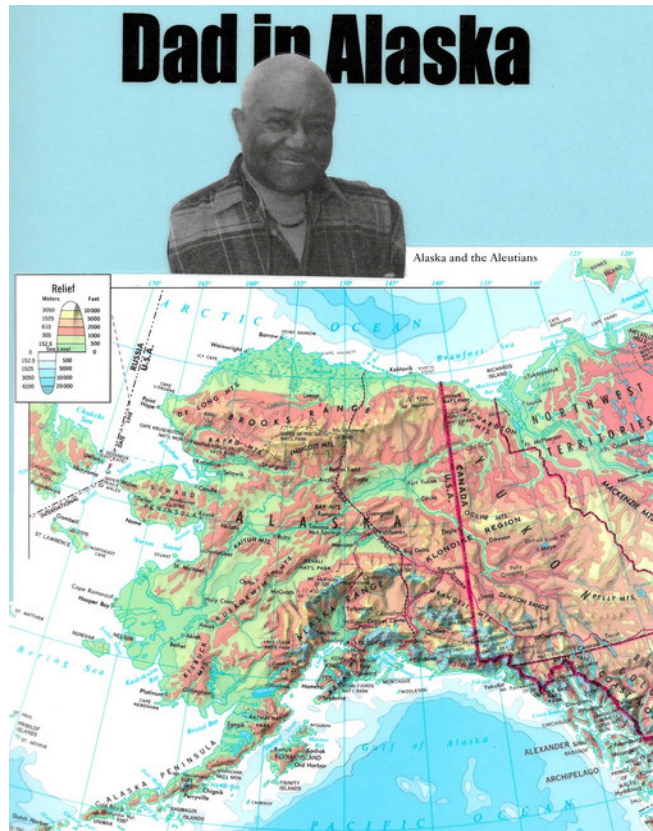
Watch for details on the July celebration in Port Orford.

Bandon, Oregon



Dr. Earl and Karen Meyers
Bandon, Oregon
Married 47 Years

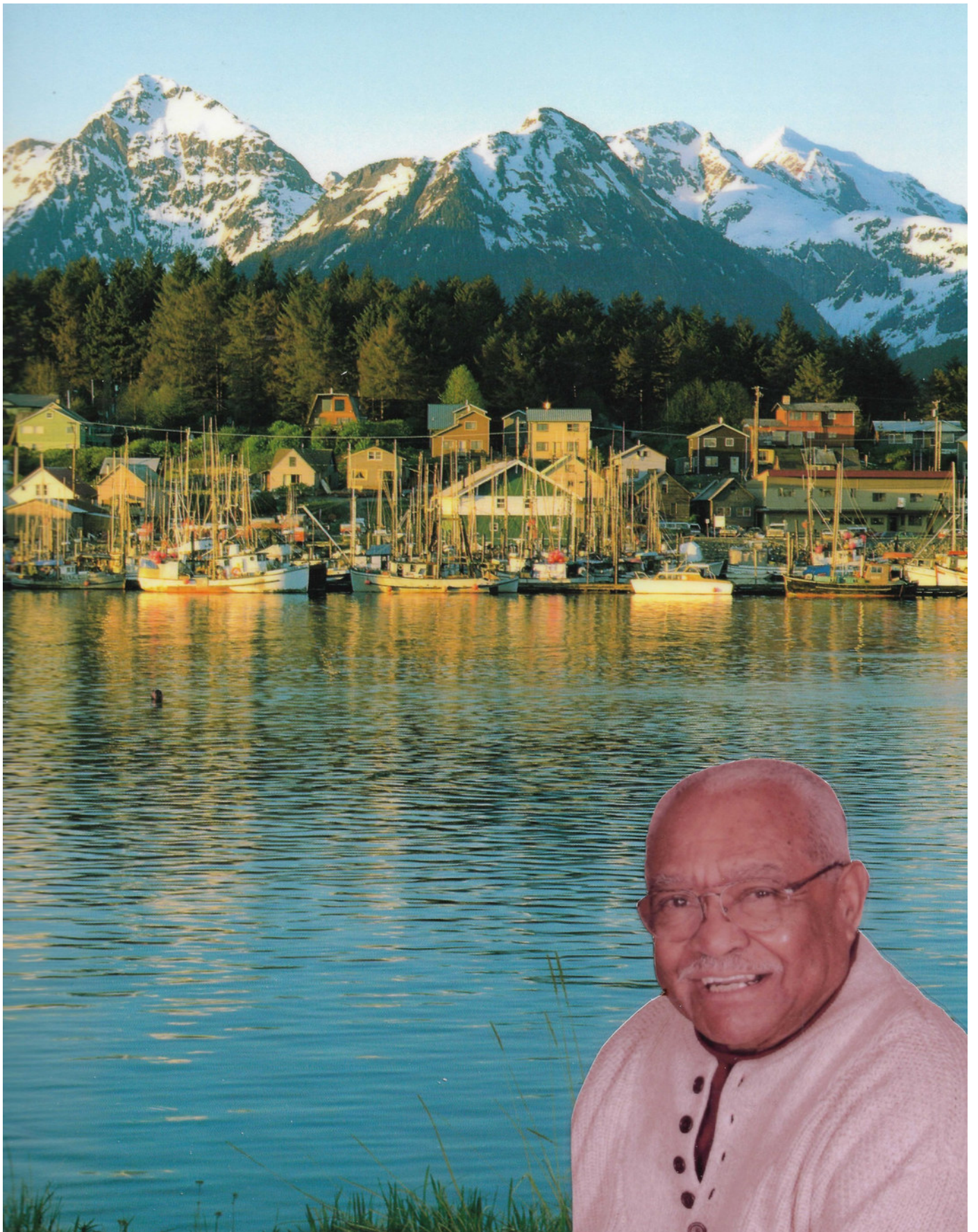
Dr. Earl R. Meyers - Adak, Alaska



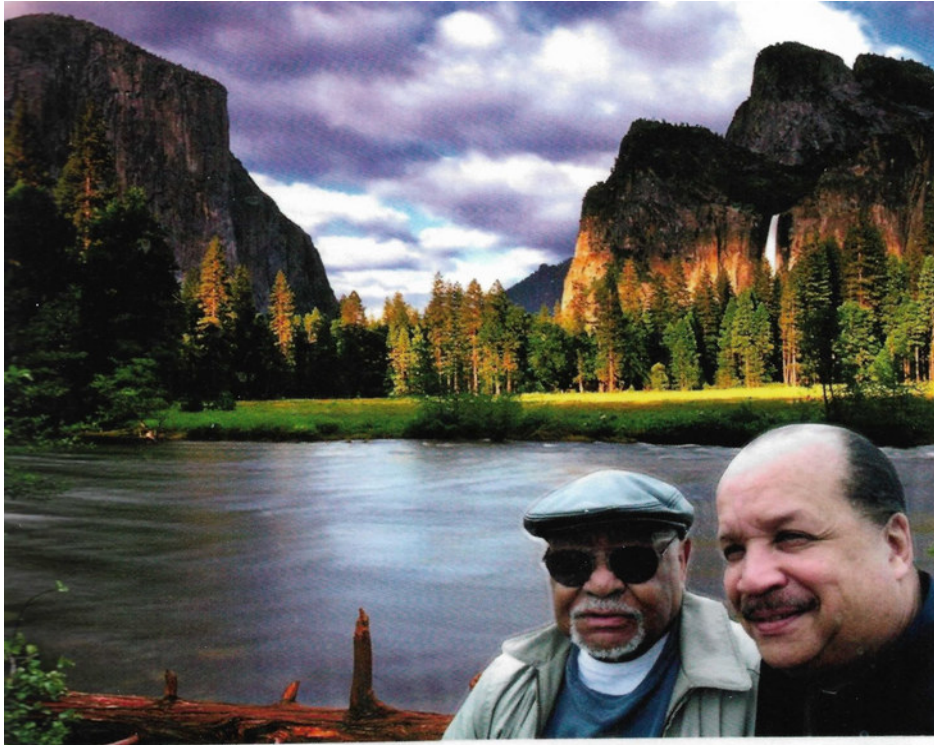
ALASKA

Alaska, called the Last Frontier for good reason, is a very special part of the United States. Physically separated from the lower 48 states, its northern latitudes, pastel light, Native Americans, lack of roads, and miles of wilderness give it a unique and magical quality. The landscape is dominated by mountain ranges, tundra plains, rain forests, glaciers, and an abundance of wildlife—from moose, caribou, and grizzly bears to eagles and snowy owls. Alaska is a land of superlatives.





Dr. Earl Randolph Meyers, M.D. And Son Eric Louis Bernard Meyers, Sr.



*I've been to the mountain top!
Me and my Dad At 90!*

Dr. Earl Randolph Meyers, M.D. and son, Eric Louis Bernard Meyers. Picture taken on July 20, 2009 by David Meyers.

© 2009 by Meyers Family Archives
Eric L.B. Meyers
All rights reserved. No part of this
book may be reproduced in any form
or by any electronic or mechanical
means, including information storage
and retrieval systems, without
permission in writing from the
publisher.



I'm 90 and Still Kicking!

Fresno Bee Newspaper Articles

Fresno's 'father of black medicine' dies at 95

By Eryn Baldriga-Guy
The Fresno Bee

Dr. Earl Randolph Meyers was a physician and surgeon who practiced medicine until the age of 85 and was known among his colleagues as "the father of black medicine in Fresno."

Dr. Meyers, who died Oct. 1 at age 95, opened his first medical clinic in 1947 on F Street in downtown Fresno. After 10 years as the only black physician in the Fresno area, Dr. Meyers began to encourage other black doctors to bring their services to Fresno. He built the Fresno-Klette Medical Arts Center, the first medical facility owned by local blacks, in west Fresno in 1957.

From early childhood, Dr. Meyers was inspired by Dr. Henry C. Wallace, who was then the only practicing black physician in Fresno. The young Dr. Meyers was impressed by Dr. Wallace's ability to relieve his mother of pain.

"Dr. Wallace inspired him. ... He was Earl's mother's doctor and he healed her," Mattie Meyers, Dr. Meyers' former wife, said. "At that time, there weren't any black doctors here. Dr. Wallace was Earl's mentor."

Dr. Meyers graduated from Fresno High School in 1937 and entered medical school in 1942. He received his M.D. degree from Tennessee's Meharry Medical College in 1945 and completed his internship and residency at Lincoln Hospital in Durham, N.C.

When Dr. Wallace left Fresno around the late 1940s, many black residents wrote to Dr. Meyers, describing the difficulty they had in getting medical care from white doctors and asking him to return to his hometown.

Because many of Dr. Meyers' first patients were unable to afford their medications, he opened a dispensary at his F Street office and made prescriptions available at wholesale cost. He often chose not to charge impoverished patients for his services.

The Fresno-Klette Medical Arts Center, established by Dr. Meyers on Fresno Street in 1957, made health care more readily available to west Fresnoans. The facility was run by Dr. Meyers and other black physicians and included an X-ray department, a clinical laboratory and a pharmacy.



SPECIAL TO THE BEE

Dr. Earl R. Meyers in 1946. Dr. Meyers opened his first clinic in Fresno in 1947.

Earl R. Meyers

- **Born:** Sept. 23, 1919
- **Died:** Oct. 1, 2014
- **Occupation:** Physician and surgeon
- **Survivors:** Wife, Karen Butterfield Meyers; former wife, Mattie Burton Meyers; sons Earl Randolph Meyers Jr., Eric Louis Bernard Meyers, Michael Roderick Meyers and David Keith Meyers; daughter Gayle Katherine Fan Weerasekera; nine grandchildren; and eight great-grandchildren.
- **Memorial:** 4 p.m. Sunday at the Fresno Westside Seventh-day Adventist Church.

In addition to his medical practice, Dr. Meyers was active in the civil rights movement of the 1950s and early '60s, serving as the legislative chairman of Fresno's branch of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People. He became the first black to hold public office in Fresno when he was elected to the Board of Freeholders to draft a new city charter in 1953. "He wanted to give his input about the city," Mattie Meyers said.

After leaving Fresno in 1975, Dr. Meyers continued to practice medicine throughout California and in Oregon and Alaska. In 2007, he retired to Coos Bay, Ore.

► Contact Eryn Baldriga-Guy: ebaldricaguy@fresnobee.com, (559) 441-6679 or @eryn_natalia on Twitter.

Earl Meyers Timeline

- 1919 Birth**
Louisiana, USA
- 1920 Residence**
Age 1 Alexandria, Rapides, Louisiana
- 1930 Residence**
Age 11 Fresno, Fresno, California
- 1937 Graduation**
Age 18 Fresno CA
Fresno High School
- 1942 Graduation**
Age 23 Fresno, California
Pre-Med from California State University Fresno
- 1945 Graduation**
Sep Nashville, Tennessee, USA
Age 26 Meharry Medical School
- 1946 Marriage to Mattie Burton**
16 Nov Durham North Carolina
Age 27
- 1948 Started Medical Practice**
Age 29 Fresno CA
- 1969 Divorce from Mattie Burton**
Age 50 Fresno CA
- 1969 Marriage to Karin**
Age 50 Fresno CA
- 1975 Moved to Pebble Beach California**
Age 56
- 1986 moved to Oregon**
Age 67
- 1990 Established Medical Practice in Alaska**
Age 71 Alaska, USA
- 2006 Retirement**
Age 87
- 2014 Death**
Age 95 Coos Bay, Oregon, USA



Compiled By:
Sharon Mattie Revis-Green

It was a GOOD ride!

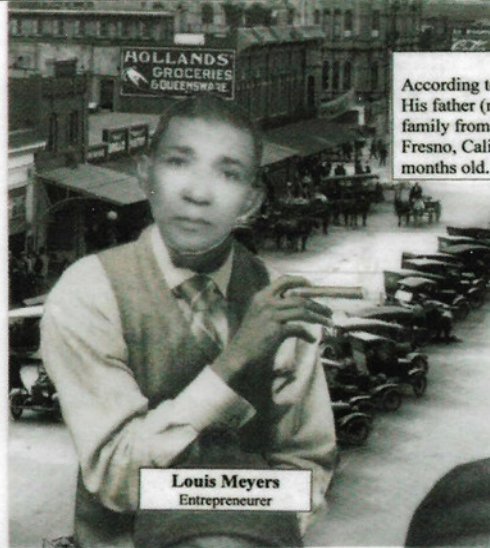


***To God be the Glory!
Great things He has done!***

LOUIS MEYERS & SONS



Louis Meyers
Standing in front of his store in West Fresno



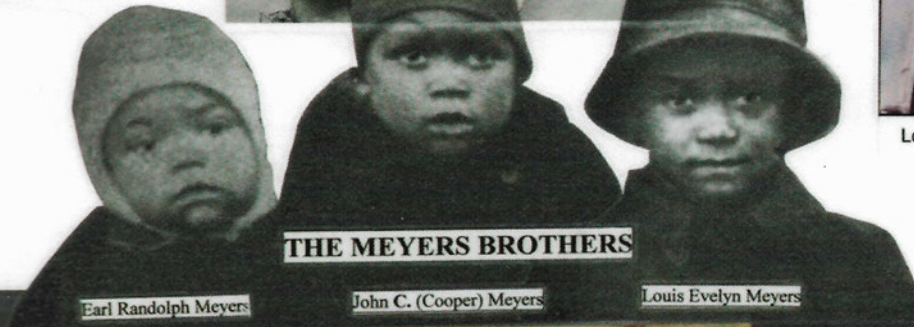
Louis Meyers
Entrepreneur

From Alexandria to Fresno
According to my father, Dr. Earl R. Meyers, M.D., His father (my grand father), Louis Meyers, moved his family from Alexandria, Louisiana (Grant Parish) to Fresno, California, when my father was just three months old.
—Eric Meyers, Sr.—

The hustle and bustle of downtown Fresno is recorded in this view looking north from the corner of Van Ness and K (Tulare) streets. Cars were well on the way to outnumbering horses, and parking was already a problem.



Louis Meyers

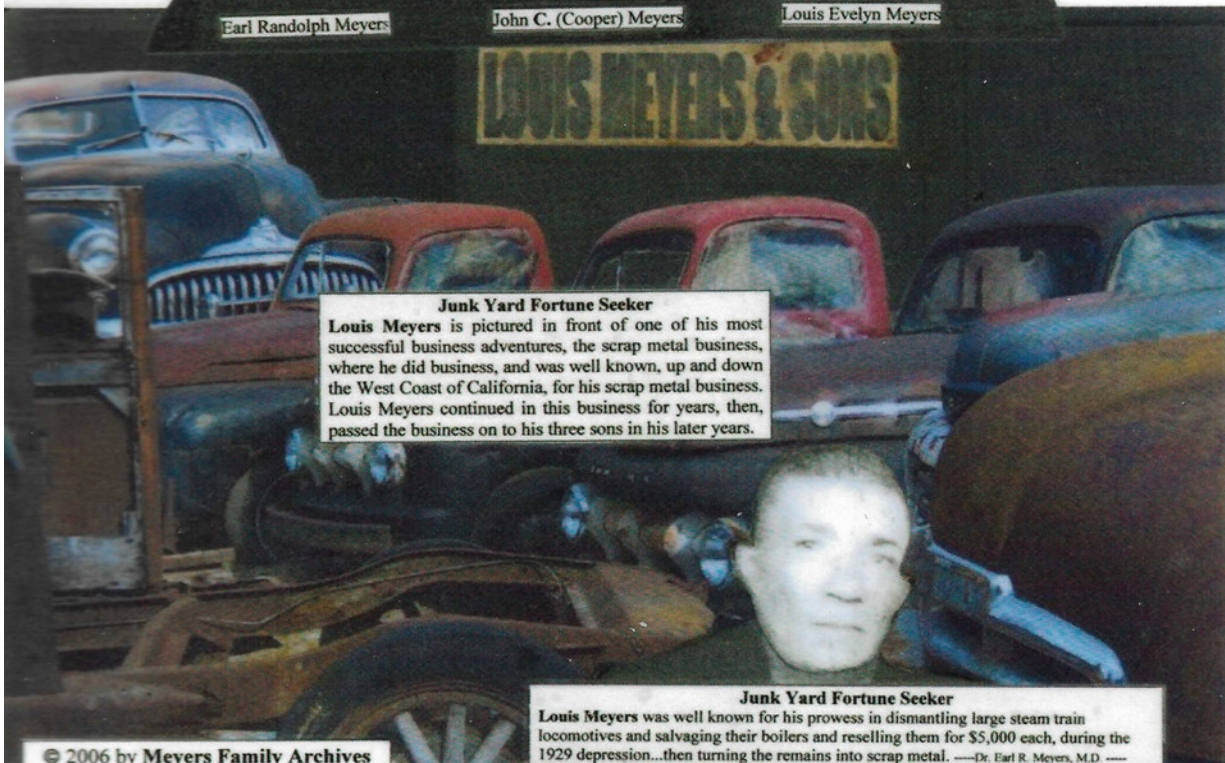


THE MEYERS BROTHERS

Earl Randolph Meyers

John C. (Cooper) Meyers

Louis Evelyn Meyers



Junk Yard Fortune Seeker

Louis Meyers is pictured in front of one of his most successful business adventures, the scrap metal business, where he did business, and was well known, up and down the West Coast of California, for his scrap metal business. Louis Meyers continued in this business for years, then, passed the business on to his three sons in his later years.

Junk Yard Fortune Seeker

Louis Meyers was well known for his prowess in dismantling large steam train locomotives and salvaging their boilers and reselling them for \$5,000 each, during the 1929 depression...then turning the remains into scrap metal. —Dr. Earl R. Meyers, M.D.—