Public Review Draft Report

The Economics of Land Use



Fire Impact Fee Program Nexus Study Update

Prepared for:

City of Fresno

Prepared by:

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Overview

Economic & Planning Systems, Inc. (EPS) has been retained by the City of Fresno (City) to prepare this 2019 Fire Impact Fee Program Nexus Study Update (2019 Nexus Study Update). This report provides an update to the Fire Facilities Development Impact Fees (Fire Fees) established in the 2016 Fire and Police Impact Fee Programs Nexus Study Update (2016 Study). The 2016 Study included both Fire Fees and Police Facilities Development Impact Fees (Police Fees) that were based on the City General Plan growth projections through 2035 as well as on the Fire and Police Capital Improvement Plans (CIPs) provided by the Fresno Fire Department (FFD) and Fresno Police Department (FPD) that detailed the planned capital costs through 2035.

Since the approval of the 2016 Study, the City has reviewed the Fire CIP costs used to derive the Fire Fees in that study and found that the fire station construction cost estimates are substantially lower than recent bids for similar facilities. In addition, to facilitate the timely construction of fire stations to serve new development, the City determined that additional bond funding would be needed over the level included in the 2016 Study, resulting in increased associated bond financing costs included in the Fire Fee Program. Without increasing both construction and bond financing costs, adequate funding will not be available to construct stations when needed to serve new development. The City has therefore retained EPS to prepare this 2019 Nexus Study Update to serve as the basis for updating the existing Fire Fees to reflect updated cost estimates.

While the 2016 Study included both the Fire Fees and Police Fees, this 2019 Nexus Study Update updates only the Fire Fees. Additionally, there have been no changes to the analyzed land use and population assumptions detailed in the 2016 Study. This report details the calculation of the new Fire Fees and provides the legal justification for updating the Fire Fees.

Purpose

The purpose of this 2019 Nexus Study Update is to update the Fire Fees and establish the legally required nexus (or reasonable relationship) between the City's projected population and employment (service population) in 2035 and the fire facilities that will be required to serve those residents and employees.

The nexus requirements for imposing development impact fees were established under Assembly Bill 1600 (AB 1600) legislation, as codified by the Mitigation Fee Act (California Government Code section 66000 et. seq.). This section of the Mitigation Fee Act sets forth the procedural requirements for establishing and collecting development impact fees. These procedures require that "a reasonable relationship, or nexus, must exist between a governmental exaction and the purpose of the condition." Specifically, each local agency imposing a fee must perform the following tasks:

- Identify the purpose of the fee.
- Identify how the fee is to be used.
- Determine how a reasonable relationship exists between the fee's use and the type of development project on which the fee is imposed.
- Determine how a reasonable relationship exists between the need for the public facility and the type of development project on which the fee is imposed.
- Demonstrate a reasonable relationship between the amount of the fee and the cost of the public facilities or portion of the public facilities attributable to development on which the fee is imposed.

Proposed Update to the Fire Fees

The proposed update to the Fire Fees is based on the allocation of the updated Fire CIP costs to the projected City population and employment in the General Plan Horizon year of 2035. The CIP costs include both the value of existing facilities and the estimated costs of new facilities. The total facilities costs are allocated to the total projected residents and employees in 2035. This cost allocation serves as the basis for updating the estimated Fire Fees charged to new development. The Fire Fee to be collected for each residential and commercial land use is calculated based on each land use's relative demand for fire services. The Fire Fees will not fund construction of capital facility improvements required to cure existing level-of-service deficiencies.

Table 1 summarizes the proposed fees by land use. The fees are collected per dwelling unit for residential uses and per 1,000 building square feet for nonresidential uses. The fees include a base amount and a 2-percent administrative component for the City to administer the fee program.

Table 2 compares the existing and proposed Fire Fees. The proposed Fire Fees reflect anincrease for all land uses. The increase in the Fire Fee rates is primarily due to increased firestation construction costs and increased bond financing costs included in the Fire Fee Program.

Table 1Fresno Fire Impact Fee Program UpdateSummary of Proposed Fire Fees

Item	Base Fee	Fire Fee Admin.	Total
Source	Table 12	2.0%	
Residential	p	er dwelling uni	t
Single-Family	\$1,856	\$37	\$1,893
Multifamily	\$1,401	\$28	\$1,429
Nonresidential	per	1,000 bldg. sq	. ft.
Retail	\$649	\$13	\$662
Office	\$742	\$15	\$757
Industrial	\$371	\$7	\$379

Source: City of Fresno and EPS

summ_fee

Table 2Fresno Fire Impact Fee Program UpdateComparison of Existing and Proposed Fire Fees

	Proposed Fee [1]	Existing Fee [1]	Difference	Percentage Difference
Residential		per dwe	elling unit	
Single-Family	\$1,893	\$779	\$1,114	143%
Multifamily	\$1,429	\$588	\$841	143%
Nonresidential		per 1,000	bldg. sq. ft.	
Retail	\$662	\$272	\$390	144%
Office	\$757	\$311	\$446	143%
Industrial	\$379	\$156	\$223	143%
				foo.com

Source: City of Fresno and EPS

fee comp

[1] Includes 2% administration fee.

Report Organization

This report is divided into six chapters and two appendices:

- Chapter 1 includes this introduction and executive summary.
- **Chapter 2** details the estimated population and employment projections.
- **Chapter 3** describes the FFD CIP, capital needs, and costs to be funded by the Fire Fee Program.
- **Chapter 4** provides the cost allocation methodology and calculates the Fire Fees.
- **Chapter 5** describes how the Fire Fee Program will be implemented and updated.
- **Chapter 6** provides the nexus findings for the Fire Fee Program.
- Appendix A details the estimated financing costs for fire facilities construction.
- Appendix B contains the detailed FFD service call activity data.

Population and employment projections are a significant variable used in this 2019 Nexus Study Update. The base Fire Fees are established by allocating the costs of the facilities and equipment needed to serve the City in 2035 to the total projected residents and employees in 2035, estimating cost factors per resident and per employee, and then using these factors to estimate fees to charge to new development.

This chapter presents population and employment estimates for 2014 and 2035, as well as population and employment density factors used to establish the fees for the various land uses. All estimates and factors in this chapter are unchanged from the 2016 Study.¹

Existing and Future Population and Employment

Table 3 summarizes the population and employment estimates for 2014 and 2035 and estimates the growth between 2014 and 2035. The FFD serves the incorporated City and unincorporated areas fully enclosed in the City, which are referred to as "County Islands."

Projected growth in the FFD service area through 2035 will occur in the following three areas:

- 1. Existing incorporated areas.
- 2. County Islands.
- 3. Unincorporated areas located beyond the City limits in the Sphere of Influence (SOI).

Map 1 is from the current Fresno General Plan and shows the entire Fresno Planning Area, including the City, County Island, and SOI boundaries. A key growth assumption in this report is that all development that occurs in the County Islands and other unincorporated areas within the boundaries of the Fresno SOI will annex into the City by 2035. In 2035, the FFD is projected to serve 771,000 residents and 266,000 employees.

¹ The 2014 population and employment estimates are used only to estimate the annual service calls per resident and employee, an important component of the cost allocation methodology (detailed in **Chapter 4**). It is assumed that the calls per resident and employee have not substantially changed in the last 5 years, so it was unnecessary to update the population, employee, and service call estimates to 2019 values.

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Table 3 Fresno Fire Impact Fee Program Update Summary of Growth Projections (2014-2035) [1]

ltem	Fresno SOI [2]	Fire Service Area [3]
Population		
Existing (2014)	562,819	555,609
Projected (2035) [4]	771,000	771,000
Projected Growth	208,181	215,391
Employment		
Existing (2014)	179,963	177,590
Projected (2035) [4]	266,363	266,363
Projected Growth	86,400	88,773

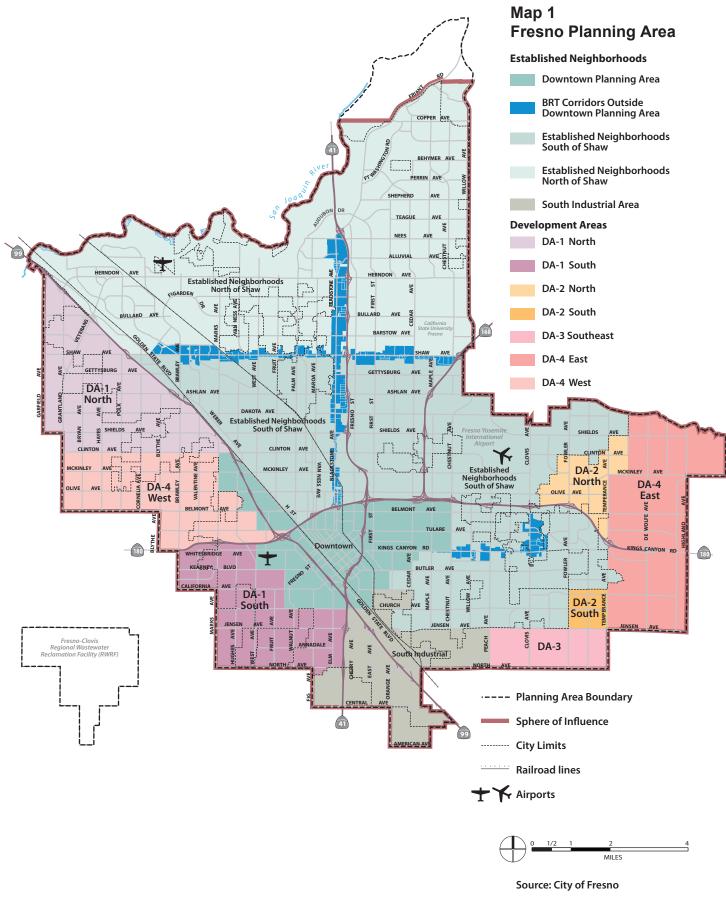
Source: City of Fresno and EPS

[1] See Table 4 for detail.

[2] Fresno SOI includes incorporated City, County Islands, and other unincorporated areas outside the City boundaries.

[3] Fire Service Area includes incorporated City and County Islands.

[4] It is assumed that all unincorporated areas with new growth will annex by 2035.



Note: The Corridor along Shaw Avenue is to be supported by enhanced bus service. **Table 4** provides the details of the estimated 2014 and projected 2035 population and employment for the Fire service area. This table includes a detailed accounting of the sources of the population and employment data, which are summarized below:

- Fresno General Plan Fiscal Impact Analysis (January 3, 2014).
- Map Atlas Fresno Existing Conditions Report (August 2011).
- Population data from the California Department of Finance (DOF).
- Employment data from the California Employment Development Department (EDD).
- City General Plan.

Note that the government and education employment estimates are deducted from the total employment estimates because public uses will not pay development impact fees.

Development Assumptions

The Fire Fee is assessed on several subcategories of new residential and nonresidential development. The fee rates are established by allocating costs to residents and employees, establishing a cost per resident and a cost per employee, and then using density factors to convert those costs to fees per dwelling unit or 1,000 nonresidential building square feet.

Table 5 shows the population and employment density assumptions used to establish the proposed Fire Fee for each residential and nonresidential development category. For the residential land uses, persons-per-dwelling-unit factors are used in the fee calculations. For the nonresidential land uses, building-square-feet-per-employee factors are used in the fee calculations.

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Table 4 Fresno Fire Impact Fee Program Update Detailed Population and Employment Projections (2014-2035)

		Fresno SOI	Fire Service Area					
Item	Existing	2035	Growth	Existing	2035	Growth		
Population								
Incorporated City	515,609	771,000	255,391	515,609	771,000	255,391		
County "Islands" Located In City	40,000	0	(40,000)	40,000	0	(40,000)		
Other Unincorporated Areas Outside City	7,210	0	(7,210)	0	0	0		
TOTAL	562,819	771,000	208,181	555,609	771,000	215,391		
Employment								
Incorporated City	206,000	332,954	126,954	206,000	332,954	126,954		
County "Islands" Located In City	15,988	0	(15,988)	15,988	0	(15,988)		
Other Unincorporated Areas Outside City	2,966	0	(2,966)	0	0	0		
Subtotal	224,954	332,954	108,000	221,988	332,954	110,966		
Less: Government and Education (approx. 20%)	(44,991)	(66,591)	(21,600)	(44,398)	(66,591)	(22,193)		
TOTAL	179,963	266,363	86,400	177,590	266,363	88,773		

Sources of Data:

Population

City Existing Population: California Department of Finance (1/1/14)

Total Existing Population: Fresno General Plan Fiscal Impact Analysis (1/3/14)

2035 Projected Population: Fresno General Plan (12/18/14)

County Islands Existing Population: Map Atlas Fresno Existing Conditions Report (August 2011)

Other Unincorporated Areas Outside City Population: Total planning area population less City and County Islands population.

Employment

Total Existing Employment: Fresno General Plan Fiscal Impact Analysis (1/3/14)

Growth Employment: Fresno General Plan (108,000: 50,000 retail, 32,500 office, 25,500: other) + uninc. Area employment assumed to incorporate by 2035.

City Existing Employment: California Employment Development Department (EDD) - 2014 Average

County Islands Employment: same ratio of employment to population as for whole Fresno planning area.

Other Unincorporated Areas Outside City Employment: Total planning area employment less City and County Islands employment 2035 Employment: Existing plus growth employment.

Government and Education Employment (existing, growth, and 2035) estimated as follows:

1) County education and government employees as percentage of total County employment obtained from EDD data (Jan. 2015)

2) Percentage from previous step multiplied by total employment

Assumes all County Islands and other unincorporated areas outside the City will annex by 2035. The General Plan states that all unincorporated area in the planning area is expected to eventually annex (page 1-13).

Prepared by EPS 5/21/2019

Table 5Fresno Fire Impact Fee Program UpdateKey Demographic Assumptions

Item	Factor
Persons per Household	
Single-Family	3.14
Multifamily	2.37
Building Square Feet per Employee	
Retail	400
Office	350
Industrial	700
	assump

Sources:

assump

Persons per Household: American Community Survey 2013 Sq. Ft. per Employee: 2012 Fresno Fiscal Impact Analysis (EPS)

Overview

The City provides fire services through an existing portfolio of stations, vehicles, and equipment. Anticipated citywide development occurring through 2035 requires construction of new stations and procurement of additional vehicles and equipment so that the FFD can continue to provide timely responses to calls for medical, fire, and other emergencies. Planned facility needs are determined by the FFD based on response time requirements. The City General Plan includes an urban growth standard that requires new development to be located within a four-minute response service area of a fire station. This chapter details the costs of all existing and planned improvements included in the Fire CIP provided by the FFD. **Table 6** summarizes the CIP costs.

Replacement costs are estimated for existing facilities, vehicles, and equipment. Some of the existing improvements were funded through bond financing, and the associated remaining financing costs are included in the existing improvements cost estimates.

Inventories of planned facilities, vehicles, and equipment needed to serve development through 2035 were provided by the FFD, and cost estimates were developed for all improvements. It is assumed that all future fire stations, other facilities, and vehicles will be partially funded through bond financing. The associated financing costs are estimated and included in the planned improvements cost estimates.

All costs in this 2019 Nexus Study Update are expressed in 2019 dollars and are based on the best available cost estimates at this time. If costs change significantly, or if other funding sources become available, the cost estimates and fees will be adjusted accordingly. The City periodically will conduct a review of improvement costs and will make necessary adjustments to the fee.

Fire CIP

Summary

Table 6 summarizes the existing and planned Fire CIP improvements and associated costs. The total cost estimate of \$524.8 million includes approximately \$176.3 million for existing improvements and \$348.5 million for future improvements. These costs include the costs of existing and planned facilities, apparatus, and equipment, as well as the associated financing costs for bond-funded facilities and apparatus. The financing costs for both existing and future bond debt service are detailed in **Appendix A** and summarized below

Currently, bonds have been issued to fund \$17.6 million of existing facilities. The Fire Fee Program revenues will be used to pay 49 percent of the associated debt service, and the City General Fund will be used to pay the remaining 51 percent. This percentage split is based on a deficiency analysis conducted as part of the 2005 Fire & Police Facilities Impact Fees Nexus Study. Consistent with the percentage split identified above, 49 percent of the remaining financing costs for existing debt service are included in the Fire Fee Program costs.

Table 6Fresno Fire Impact Fee Program UpdateSummary of Fire Capital Improvement Program (2019 \$)

Item	Source	Fire Facilities
Existing Improvements		
Facilities	Table 7	\$135,916,725
Apparatus and Equipment	Table 8	\$36,851,400
Financing Cost	Table A-1	\$3,570,000
Total		\$176,338,125
Planned Improvements		
Facilities	Table 9	\$231,693,175
Apparatus and Equipment	Table 10	\$25,073,600
Financing Cost	Table A-2	\$91,700,000
Total		\$348,466,775
Total Improvements		
Facilities		\$367,609,900
Apparatus and Equipment		\$61,925,000
Financing Cost		\$95,270,000
Total		\$524,804,900

Source: Fresno Fire Department and EPS

sum cost

For all future facility construction and apparatus, excluding Station 18, it is assumed that 70 percent of the costs will be bond funded and that all of the associated financing costs will be funded by the Fire Fees. The bond funded construction costs include site improvement and parking, building construction, and soft costs. Future facility land acquisition costs are not assumed to be bond funded.

Construction of Station 18 is being fund through City sources. Half of the construction costs are being funded by an internal loan and the other half are being funded through the General Fund. The internal loan will be approximately \$3.5 million and will be repaid with interest using future impact fee revenue. The financing costs (interest payments) associated with the internal loan are included in the Fire Fee Program costs.

Existing Improvements

Facilities

Table 7 details the existing FFD facilities and associated costs. The FFD currently operates out of the headquarters facility, 20 existing fire stations, a maintenance facility, and a training facility. However, the maintenance (shop) facility, training facility, and four stations are planned for replacement with new buildings by 2035. The costs of these facilities slated for replacement are excluded from **Table 7** because the estimated costs of the new replacement facilities are included in the total planned facilities cost (see **Table 9**). It is assumed that the existing facilities to be replaced will be sold and that the revenue generated will be used to offset the cost of existing deficiencies and to help fund the portion of facilities needed by the existing population.

The existing facility cost estimates include both land acquisition and construction costs. The land acquisition costs are estimated at \$200,000 per acre for all fire stations and \$300,000 per acre for the Headquarters facility. The construction cost estimate includes the following components:

- Site improvement and parking cost of \$300,000 per acre.
- Building construction cost of \$630 per building square foot based on recent bids received by the City and a review of fire station construction costs in areas comparable to Fresno.
- Allowance of 25 percent for soft costs.

Apparatus and Equipment

Table 8 details the existing FFD apparatus and equipment and associated costs. As shown on this table, the FFD has a number of different types of vehicles, including fire engines, trucks and sports utility vehicles, water tenders, and other specialized vehicles. Additionally, the FFD provides sets of personal protective equipment for all firefighters. The number of equipment sets shown on **Table 8** is based on the number of FFD sworn officers in 2018. All unit costs in this table were provided by the FFD.

Table 7 Fresno Fire Impact Fee Program Update Existing Fire Facilities (2019 \$)

			LAND AC	QUISITION					NSTRUCTION				
		-			Site Imp.	& Parking		Buildin	g	Subtotal		Total	TOTAL
Item	Location	Acres	Cost per Acre	Total Land Value	Cost per Acre	Value	Sq. Ft.	Cost per Sq. Ft. [1]	Value	Structure Value	Soft Costs	Structure Value	REPLACEMEN [®] VALUE
Formula		A	В	C=A*B	D	E=A*D	F	G	H=F*G	I=E+H	J=1*25%	K=I+J	C+K
Planned to Remain													
Headquarters	Tulare & H Street	2.43	\$300,000	\$729,000	\$300,000	\$729,000	22,000	\$630	\$13,860,000	\$14,589,000	\$3,647,250	\$18,236,250	\$18,965,250
Station 1	Jackson & Hammond	0.83	\$200,000	\$166,000	\$300,000	\$249,000	7,625	\$630	\$4,803,750	\$5,052,750	\$1,263,188	\$6,315,938	\$6,481,938
Station 2	West & Fir	0.44	\$200,000	\$88,000	\$300,000	\$132,000	5,700	\$630	\$3,591,000	\$3,723,000	\$930,750	\$4,653,750	\$4,741,750
Station 3	Fresno & E Street	0.34	\$300,000	\$102,000	\$300,000	\$102,000	12,550	\$630	\$7,906,500	\$8,008,500	\$2,002,125	\$10,010,625	\$10,112,625
Station 4	First & Tulare	0.47	\$200,000	\$94,000	\$300,000	\$141,000	14,360	\$630	\$9,046,800	\$9,187,800	\$2,296,950	\$11,484,750	\$11,578,750
Station 5	Fresno & Shields	0.61	\$200,000	\$122,000	\$300,000	\$183,000	5,280	\$630	\$3,326,400	\$3,509,400	\$877,350	\$4,386,750	\$4,508,750
Station 7	Cherry & Jensen	1.10	\$200,000	\$220,000	\$300,000	\$330,000	5,915	\$630	\$3,726,450	\$4,056,450	\$1,014,113	\$5,070,563	\$5,290,563
Station 8	Cedar & Butler	0.40	\$200,000	\$80,000	\$300,000	\$120,000	6,956	\$630	\$4,382,280	\$4,502,280	\$1,125,570	\$5,627,850	\$5,707,850
Station 9	Clinton & Fruit	0.73	\$200,000	\$146,000	\$300,000	\$219,000	7,625	\$630	\$4,803,750	\$5,022,750	\$1,255,688	\$6,278,438	\$6,424,438
Station 11	Fresno & Wrenwood	0.67	\$200,000	\$134,000	\$300,000	\$201,000	12,400	\$630	\$7,812,000	\$8,013,000	\$2,003,250	\$10,016,250	\$10,150,250
Station 13	Millbrook & Nees	0.70	\$200,000	\$140,000	\$300,000	\$210,000	7,300	\$630	\$4,599,000	\$4,809,000	\$1,202,250	\$6,011,250	\$6,151,250
Station 14	Polk & Escalon	0.92	\$200,000	\$184,000	\$300,000	\$276,000	9,263	\$630	\$5,835,690	\$6,111,690	\$1,527,923	\$7,639,613	\$7,823,613
Station 15	Clovis & Park Cir Dr.	1.00	\$200,000	\$200,000	\$300,000	\$300,000	9,698	\$630	\$6,109,740	\$6,409,740	\$1,602,435	\$8,012,175	\$8,212,175
Station 16	Clinton & Polk	0.92	\$200,000	\$184,000	\$300,000	\$276,000	9,698	\$630	\$6,109,740	\$6,385,740	\$1,596,435	\$7,982,175	\$8,166,175
Station 17	Maple & International	1.10	\$200,000	\$220,000	\$300,000	\$330,000	9,698	\$630	\$6,109,740	\$6,439,740	\$1,609,935	\$8,049,675	\$8,269,675
Station 19	Belmont & Marks	0.83	\$200,000	\$166,000	\$300,000	\$249,000	9,698	\$630	\$6,109,740	\$6,358,740	\$1,589,685	\$7,948,425	\$8,114,425
Station 20	Gettysburg & Wishon	0.50	\$200,000	. ,	\$300,000	\$150,000	6,260	\$630	\$3,943,800	\$4,093,800	\$1,023,450	\$5,117,250	\$5,217,250
Total		11.56		\$3,075,000		\$4,197,000	162,026		\$102,076,380	\$106,273,380	\$26,568,345	\$132,841,725	\$135,916,725
Planned to Be Repl	aced [2]												
Shop Facility	Fresno & E Street	1.04											
Training Facility	Fresno & E Street	0.70											
Station 6	Gettysburg & Rowell	0.39	Evolu	ded [2]					Excluded [2]				Excluded [2]
Station 10	Westover & Aircorp Way	1.00	EXCIU										Excluded [2]
Station 12	Marks & Acacia	0.34											
Station 18	Bullard & Grantland	0.41											
Total		3.88											\$0

Source: Fresno Fire Department

[1] Cost per building square foot based on costs for recently constructed public safety buildings.

[2] These facilities are planned for replacement by 2035 with permanent buildings. Therefore, they are excluded from the list of existing facilities.

CIP_fire1

Table 8Fresno Fire Impact Fee Program UpdatExisting Fire Apparatus and Equipment			Existing Fire Apparatus and Equipment
Item	Number	Replacement Cost	Total Cost
Engines	24	\$800,000	\$19,200,000
Fire Trucks	7	\$1,400,000	\$9,800,000
Patrol Rigs	2	\$175,000	\$350,000
Breathing Support Super Vac	1	\$250,000	\$250,000
Brush Rigs	2	\$350,000	\$700,000
Decon Hazmat Trailer	1	\$500,000	\$500,000
Water Tenders	2	\$425,000	\$850,000
Super Vacs	2	\$525,000	\$1,050,000
SUVs/Trucks	15	\$90,000	\$1,350,000
COMM/Command Unit	1	\$500,000	\$500,000
Personal Equipment	311	\$7,400	\$2,301,400
TOTAL			\$36,851,400

Source: Fresno Fire Department

CIP_fire2

Table 9 Fresno Fire Impact Fee Program Update Planned Fire Facilities (2019 \$)

				LAND AG	QUISITION				CON	STRUCTION				
							& Parking		Building	1	Subtotal		Total	
Item	Location	Improvement Type		Cost per Acre	Total Land Value	Cost per Acre	Value	Sq. Ft.	Cost per Sq. Ft. [1]	Value	Structure Value	Soft Costs	Structure Value	TOTAL VALUE
Formula			A	В	C=A*B	D	E=A*D	F	G	H=F*G	I=E+H	J=I*25%	K=l+J	C+K
ew and Replacer	nent													
Shop Facility	Undetermined	Replacement	5.00	\$200,000	\$1,000,000	\$300,000	\$1,500,000	40,000	\$630	\$25,200,000	\$26,700,000	\$6,675,000	\$33,375,000	\$34,375,00
Training Facility	Undetermined	Replacement	5.00	\$200,000	\$1,000,000	\$300,000	\$1,500,000	40,000	\$630	\$25,200,000	\$26,700,000	\$6,675,000	\$33,375,000	\$34,375,00
Station 2	West & Fir	Expansion	-	\$200,000	\$0	\$300,000	\$0	3,450	\$690	\$2,380,500	\$2,380,500	\$595,125	\$2,975,625	\$2,975,62
Station 5	Fresno & Shields	Expansion	-	\$200,000	\$0	\$300,000	\$0	3,450	\$690	\$2,380,500	\$2,380,500	\$595,125	\$2,975,625	\$2,975,62
Station 6	Gettysburg & Rowell	Replacement	1.50	\$200,000	\$300,000	\$300,000	\$450,000	9,600	\$630	\$6,048,000	\$6,498,000	\$1,624,500	\$8,122,500	\$8,422,50
Station 7	Cherry & Jensen	Expansion	-	\$200,000	\$0	\$300,000	\$0	4,000	\$690	\$2,760,000	\$2,760,000	\$690,000	\$3,450,000	\$3,450,0
Station 8	Cedar & Butler	Expansion	-	\$200,000	\$0	\$300,000	\$0	4,000	\$690	\$2,760,000	\$2,760,000	\$690,000	\$3,450,000	\$3,450,0
Station 9	Clinton & Fruit	Expansion	-	\$200,000	\$0	\$300,000	\$0	3,450	\$690	\$2,380,500	\$2,380,500	\$595,125	\$2,975,625	\$2,975,6
Station 10	Clinton & Armstrong	Replacement	1.50	\$200,000	\$300,000	\$300,000	\$450,000	10,900	\$630	\$6,867,000	\$7,317,000	\$1,829,250	\$9,146,250	\$9,446,2
Station 12	Marks & Acacia	Replacement	1.50	\$200,000	\$300,000	\$300,000	\$450,000	10,900	\$630	\$6,867,000	\$7,317,000	\$1,829,250	\$9,146,250	\$9,446,2
Station 15	Clovis & Park Cir Dr.	Expansion	-	\$200,000	\$0	\$300,000	\$0	3,450	\$690	\$2,380,500	\$2,380,500	\$595,125	\$2,975,625	\$2,975,6
Station 18	Shaw & Bryan	Replacement	1.84	\$200,000	\$368,000	\$300,000	\$552,000	10,678	\$630	\$6,727,140	\$7,279,140	\$1,819,785	\$9,098,925	\$9,466,9
Station 19	Belmont & Marks	Expansion	-	\$200,000	\$0	\$300,000	\$0	4,000	\$690	\$2,760,000	\$2,760,000	\$690,000	\$3,450,000	\$3,450,0
Station 21	Belmont & Van Ness	New	1.50	\$200,000	\$300,000	\$300,000	\$450,000	10,900	\$630	\$6,867,000	\$7,317,000	\$1,829,250	\$9,146,250	\$9,446,2
Station 22	North & Chestnut	New	1.50	\$200,000	\$300,000	\$300,000	\$450,000	10,900	\$630	\$6,867,000	\$7,317,000	\$1,829,250	\$9,146,250	\$9,446,2
Station 23	Church & Fruit	New	1.50	\$200,000	\$300,000	\$300,000	\$450,000	10,900	\$630	\$6,867,000	\$7,317,000	\$1,829,250	\$9,146,250	\$9,446,2
Station 24	Herndon & Brawley	New	1.50	\$200,000	\$300,000	\$300,000	\$450,000	10,900	\$630	\$6,867,000	\$7,317,000	\$1,829,250	\$9,146,250	\$9,446,2
Station 25	McKinley & DeWolf	New	1.50	\$200,000	\$300,000	\$300,000	\$450,000	10,900	\$630	\$6,867,000	\$7,317,000	\$1,829,250	\$9,146,250	\$9,446,2
Station 26	Calif. & Temperance	New	1.50	\$200,000	\$300,000	\$300,000	\$450,000	10,900	\$630	\$6,867,000	\$7,317,000	\$1,829,250	\$9,146,250	\$9,446,2
Station 27	Teague & Chestnut	New	1.50	\$200,000	\$300,000	\$300,000	\$450,000	10,900	\$630	\$6,867,000	\$7,317,000	\$1,829,250	\$9,146,250	\$9,446,2
Station 28	Champlain & Friant	New	1.50	\$200,000	\$300,000	\$300,000	\$450,000	10,900	\$630	\$6,867,000	\$7,317,000	\$1,829,250	\$9,146,250	\$9,446,2
Station 29	Barstow & Brawley	New	1.50	\$200,000	\$300,000	\$300,000	\$450,000	10,900	\$630	\$6,867,000	\$7,317,000	\$1,829,250	\$9,146,250	\$9,446,2
Station 30	Dakota & Brawley	New	1.50	\$200,000	\$300,000	\$300,000	\$450,000	10,900	\$630	\$6,867,000	\$7,317,000	\$1,829,250	\$9,146,250	\$9,446,2
Station 31	Central & Cherry	New	1.50	\$200,000	\$300,000	\$300,000	\$450,000	10,900	\$630	\$6,867,000	\$7,317,000	\$1,829,250	\$9,146,250	\$9,446,2
TOTAL					\$6,568,000		\$9,852,000	267,778		\$170.248.140	\$180,100,140	\$45.025.035	\$225.125.175	\$231,693,1

Source: Fresno Fire Department and EPS.

[1] Cost per building square foot based on costs for recently constructed public safety buildings.

Planned Improvements

Facilities

Table 9 details the future planned FFD facilities and associated costs needed to provide adequate service to the City's residents and employees through the General Plan buildout horizon year of 2035. The planned facilities include eleven new fire stations, the replacement of four existing stations, the replacement of the shop and training facilities, and the expansion of seven existing fire stations.

The estimated facilities costs include both land acquisition and construction costs. The land acquisition cost per acre is estimated at \$200,000 per acre for all new and replacement facilities. Expanded facilities do not require land acquisition. The construction cost estimates for new and replacement facilities are the same as those detailed above for existing facilities. For expanded facilities, a slightly higher building construction cost of \$690 per square foot is assumed.

Apparatus and Equipment

Table 10 details the additional FFD apparatus and equipment, and associated costs, needed to provide adequate service to the City's residents and employees through the General Plan buildout horizon year of 2035. This apparatus and equipment include eleven fire engines, 6 fire trucks, 15 trucks and sports utility vehicles, several other specialized vehicles, and 314 personal equipment sets. The number of additional personal equipment sets needed is based on the General Plan standard of 0.81 firefighters per 1,000 residents. The planned apparatus and equipment unit costs were provided by the FFD.

Table 10 Fresno Fire Impact Fee Program Update Planned Fire Apparatus and Equipment (2	2019 \$)		Planned Fire Apparatus and Equipment
Item	Number	Unit Cost	Total Cost
Engines	11	\$800,000	\$8,800,000
Fire Trucks	6	\$1,400,000	\$8,400,000
Patrol Rigs	2	\$175,000	\$350,000
Breathing Support Super Vac	1	\$250,000	\$250,000
Brush Rigs	2	\$350,000	\$700,000
Decon Hazmat Trailer	1	\$500,000	\$500,000
Water Tenders	2	\$425,000	\$850,000
Super Vacs	2	\$525,000	\$1,050,000
SUVs/Trucks	15	\$90,000	\$1,350,000
COMM/Command Unit	1	\$500,000	\$500,000
Personal Equipment [1]	314	\$7,400	\$2,323,600
TOTAL			\$25,073,600

Source: Fresno Fire Department

[1] Equipment for future sworn safety members (total in 2035-current, assuming 0.81 firefighters per 1,000 residents). See Table 8 for number of current officers.

Prepared by EPS 5/21/2019

CIP_fire4

4. COST ALLOCATION

Introduction

The Fire Fees are estimated by allocating the FFD capital costs (detailed in the previous chapter) to the various land uses based on each land use's relative demand for fire services. The general process outlined below is used to allocate costs:

- Emergency call activity is used to estimate the relative demand for FFD services and to allocate capital costs to residents and employees. This allocation is used to establish a cost per resident and a cost per employee.
- For each residential land use, the cost per resident is converted to a cost per dwelling unit using average persons per household assumptions.
- For each nonresidential land use, the cost per employee is converted to a cost per thousand building square feet using average square feet per employee assumptions.
- The costs per dwelling unit and per thousand building square feet are equivalent to the base fees by land use. In addition, the City charges an administration fee to administer the fee program.

This methodology provides an appropriate estimate of the relative impact each land use has on the public safety system. The resulting fees are summarized in **Table 1** in **Chapter 1** of this 2019 Nexus Study Update.

FFD Capital Costs Allocation

Table 11 details the allocation of FFD service calls to residents and employees and the resultingestimated FFD cost per resident and cost per employee.**Table 12** details the methodology usedto convert the FFD cost per resident and cost per employee to costs per dwelling unit andthousand building square feet by land use.

As summarized in the introduction of this chapter, emergency call activity was used to estimate each land use's relative demand for fire services. FFD capital costs were allocated to the various land uses based on this relative demand. The specific steps in allocating the FFD capital costs are outlined below:

Please refer to **Appendix B** for call activity detail referenced in Step 3.

Please refer to Table 11 for Steps 3 through 7.

Please refer to Tables 12 for Step 8.

Table 11 Fresno Fire Impact Fee Program Update Fire Improvements Cost per Resident/Employee (2019 \$)

Item	Formula	Residential	Nonresidential	Total
Annual Calls for Service [1]	A	29,651	4,166	33,817
2014 Service Area Residents and Employees [2]	В	555,609	177,590	733,199
Calls per Resident or Employee	<i>C</i> = <i>A</i> / <i>B</i> /1,000	0.05	0.02	
Allocation Factor [3]	D = C / Residential C	1.00	0.44	
2035 Residents/Employees [2]	E	771,000	266,363	1,037,363
2035 Persons Served	F=D*E	771,000	117,090	888,090
Percentage Distribution of Persons Served	G	87%	13%	100%
Total Costs [4]	H=G*Total Cost	\$455,611,894	\$69,193,006	\$524,804,900
Cost per Resident/Employee	H/E	\$591	\$260	

Source: City of Fresno and EPS

firepol

[1] See Table B-1.

[2] See Table 3.

[3] The allocation factor accounts for the relative impact of an employee as compared to that of a resident.

[4] See Table 6 for total costs.

Table 12 Fresno Fire Impact Fee Program Update Fire Improvements Cost Allocation (2019 \$)

	Person	per Unit	per Employee	Employees per 1,000 Bldg. Sq. Ft.	Cost per Unit/ 1,000 Bldg. Sq. Ft.
	[1]	[2]	[2]		
Formula	F=E/A	G	Н	I = 1000 / H	F * G or F * I
Residential					
Single-Family	\$591	3.14	-	-	\$1,856
Multifamily	\$591	2.37	-	-	\$1,401
Subtotal Residential					
Nonresidential					
Retail	\$260	-	400	2.50	\$649
Office	\$260	-	350	2.86	\$742
Industrial	\$260	-	700	1.43	\$371
Subtotal Nonresidential					

Source: EPS

[1] See Table 11.

[2] See Table 5.

- 1. Identify the capital costs to be funded by the Fire Fee Program, as detailed in **Chapter 3**.
- 2. Identify the service population and employees for residential and nonresidential uses, respectively in the buildout horizon year of 2035, as detailed in **Chapter 2**.
- 3. Using the calls for service data provided by the FFD, determine the distribution of service calls between residential and nonresidential uses (see **Table B-1** through **Table B-3**). Then estimate the number of calls per resident or employee.
- 4. Divide the number of calls per employee by the number of calls per resident (both from Step 3) to determine the resident equivalent factor (shown in **Tables 11** as "Allocation Factor") for nonresidential uses. This factor is used to estimate the relative impact of an employee as compared to a resident.
- 5. Estimate residential and nonresidential persons served in 2035. For residential uses, the number of persons served equals the estimated 2035 population. For nonresidential uses, the number of persons served equals the estimated 2035 employees multiplied by the Allocation Factor from Step 4.
- 6. Allocate the capital costs from Step 1 to residential and nonresidential uses based on the percentage distribution of the estimated persons served from Step 5.
- Divide the residential costs from step 6 by the estimated 2035 population from Step 2 to determine a cost per resident. Divide the nonresidential costs from Step 6 by the estimated 2035 employees from Step 2 to determine a cost per employee.
- 8. Multiply the cost per person from Step 7 by persons per household for each residential use and by employees per 1,000 building square feet for each nonresidential use. The result will be the base fee per residential dwelling unit and per thousand nonresidential building square feet.

Administration

In addition to the base Fire Fee for each developable land use, the City charges a fee to administer the Fire Fee Program. The administration fee charged per residential dwelling unit and thousand nonresidential building square feet is 2 percent of the base fee.

5. IMPLEMENTATION

The Fire Fees presented in this 2019 Nexus Study Update are based on the best cost estimates and land use information available at this time. If costs, development projections, or funding sources other than development impact fees change significantly, the fees should be adjusted accordingly.

The proposed updated Fire Fee schedule must be adopted by the City Council. The updated fees will be effective 60 days following final action on the adoption of this 2019 Nexus Study Update, the ordinance authorizing collection of the updated Fire Fees, and the fee resolution establishing the updated fees.

The City should conduct periodic reviews of the estimated development, costs, and associated funding sources. Based on these reviews, the City should make necessary adjustments to the fee. Each year the City should apply an appropriate inflation adjustment factor to the fee to reflect changes in construction costs.

Applicability of Fee Program

Once the updated Fire Fee Program takes effect, the updated Fire Fees will be collected from all new residential and nonresidential development within the boundary of the City prior to building permit issuance. The fee is based on the covered square footage of the structure(s), which would include living/habitable area, garages, covered patios, carports, etc.

The term "new development" as used in this 2019 Nexus Study Update includes the covered building square footage of additions and/or modifications to existing development as long as the addition/modifications increase the existing structure by more than 500 square feet.

Fee Exemptions

The following types of development are specifically exempt from the Fire Fee Program:

- All public agencies, including federal and state agencies, public school districts, and the City, unless other arrangements or agreements are established with the City.
- Any internal or external alternation or modification to existing residential and nonresidential buildings when no change in use occurs and the square footage increase is 500 square feet or less.
- Any replacement or reconstruction of any structure that is damaged or destroyed as a result of fire, flood, explosion, wind, earthquake, riot, or other calamity, or act of God. If the building replaced or reconstructed exceeds the documented total floor area of the damaged/destroyed building, the excess square footage is subject to the fire protection fee.

If a structure has been vacant for more than one year, no exemption or credit shall apply. If a structure is replaced with an alternative land use, such as replacing a single family home with a commercial building, no exemption shall apply.

 Residential accessory structures that do not increase covered building square footage such as open decks and pools.

With written approval from the FFD, any or all of the Fire Fees may be waived if the City determines that a proposed project will not impact the need for fire improvements for which the fee is being collected. Written fee waivers may be available on a case-by-case basis for certain agricultural facilities, temporary structures (including temporary mobile homes), or other facilities that are determined to have no impact on the need for fire improvements identified in the Fire Fee Program.

Fee Credits or Adjustments

The purpose of the Fire Fee Program is to provide funds to construct/acquire new fire protection improvements. Although it is not currently anticipated that developers will construct/acquire fire protection improvements included in the fee program (other than Station 18), should this occur, the developers may enter into a fee credit and reimbursement agreement with the City.

Reimbursement to Developers

In the event a developer or developers do construct/acquire any fire protection improvements included in the Fire Fee Program, fee credits and reimbursements will be provided under the following conditions.

- Developer-installed/acquired improvements shall be considered for credits and/or reimbursements. Only funds collected from the Fire Fee Program shall be used to reimburse a developer who installed eligible facility improvements or acquired eligible equipment identified in the CIP.
- The value of any developer-installed/acquired improvement for fee credit or reimbursement purposes shall be based upon the lesser of the actual costs or the cost estimates (as updated) used to establish the amount of the Fire Fees.
- The use of accumulated fee revenues shall be used in the following priority order: (1) critical projects, (2) repayment of inter-fund loans, and (3) repayment of accrued reimbursement to private developers.

A project is deemed to be a "critical project" when failure to complete the project prohibits further development within the City.

Periodic Inflation Adjustment and Fee Review

The Fire Fee schedule should be adjusted annually to account for the inflation of construction and land acquisition costs. It is recommended that the Fire Fees be adjusted on July 1 of each year beginning on July 1, 2020. The adjustment will be based on the percentage change in the 20-City Construction Cost Index (CCI) as reported in the Engineering News Record (ENR) for the 12-month period ending in May of the year of the adjustment.

In addition, the Fire Fees are subject to periodic adjustment based on changes in developable land, cost estimates, or other funding sources. The City should review the Fire Fees periodically to determine if any of the following adjustments to the fees are warranted:

- Changes to the required facilities or equipment listed in the CIPs.
- Changes in the cost to update or administer the fee.
- Changes in costs because of inflation.
- Changes in assumed development.
- Changes in other funding sources.

Any proposed changes to the Fire Fees based on the periodic review must be presented to City Council prior to any adjustment of the fee.

Fee Administration

Consistent with the current programs, the Fire Fees will be collected from new development within the City at the time of building permit issuance; however, use of these funds may need to wait until a sufficient fund balance can be accrued. Per Government Code Section 66006, the City is required to deposit, invest, account for, and expend the fee in a prescribed manner.

Five-Year Review

By the fifth fiscal year following the first deposit into the Fire Fee account or fund, and every five years thereafter, the City is required to make all of the following findings with respect to that portion of the account or fund remaining unexpended:

- Identify the purpose of the fee.
- Demonstrate a reasonable relationship between the fee and the purpose for which it is charged.
- Identify all sources and amounts of funding anticipated to complete financing for incomplete fire protection improvements.
- Designate the approximate dates that the funding referred to above is expected to be deposited in the appropriate account or fund.

The City must refund the unexpended or uncommitted revenue portion for which a need could not be demonstrated in the above findings, unless the administrative costs exceed the amount of the refund.

Authority

This report has been prepared to update the Fire Fees in accordance with the procedural guidelines established in AB 1600, which is codified in California Government Section 66000 et. seq. This code section sets forth the procedural requirements for establishing and collecting development impact fees. The procedures require that a "reasonable relationship or nexus must exist between a governmental exaction and the purpose of the condition."² Specifically, each local agency imposing a fee must:

- Identify the purpose of the fee.
- Identify how the fee is to be used.
- Determine how a reasonable relationship exists between the fee's use and the type of development project on which the fee is imposed.
- Determine how a reasonable relationship exists between the need for the public facility and the type of development project on which the fee is imposed.
- Demonstrate a reasonable relationship between the amount of the fee and the cost of the public facility or portion of the public facility attributable to the development on which the fee is imposed.

Summary of Nexus Findings

The development impact fees to be collected for each land use are calculated based on the proportionate share of the total facility use that each land use represents. With this approach, the following findings are made concerning the City's Fire Fee Program.

Purpose of Fee

The Fire Fee Program updated through this 2019 Nexus Study Update will fund the new fire facilities, vehicles, and equipment necessary to serve new residential and nonresidential development in the City. New development in the City will increase the service population and, therefore, the need for new fire capital improvements to adequately serve the new residents and employees.

Use of Fees

Fire Fee revenue will be used to construct new development's proportionate share of fire buildings and equipment, as well as to acquire fire vehicles and equipment necessitated by new development. It also will be used to plan for and design fire facilities and fund the studies and administration needed to support the programs.

² Public Needs & Private Dollars; William Abbott, Marian E. Moe, and Marilee Hanson, page 109.

Relationship between Use of Fees and Type of Development

The development of new residential and nonresidential land uses in the City will generate the need for additional fire personnel, facilities, vehicles, and equipment. The Fire Fee revenue will be used to construct and expand facilities and to acquire vehicles and equipment needed to serve new residents and employees.

Relationship between Need for Facility and Type of Project

Each new residential and nonresidential development project will generate additional demand for fire services and personnel. Additional personnel will be housed in future fire stations and require support vehicles and equipment to serve additional demand generated by new residents and employees.

Relationship between Amount of Fees and Cost of or Portion of Facility Attributed to Development on which Fee is Imposed

The costs of fire facilities, vehicles, and equipment needed to serve new development were split between residential and nonresidential uses based on service call activity. Using this split, fire costs per resident and costs per employee were estimated. These costs were converted to costs per dwelling unit and thousand nonresidential building square feet by land use using an appropriate common use factor for each land use. The common use factor for each residential land use is the number of persons per household. The common use factor for each nonresidential land use is the number of employees per thousand building square feet. For each land use, the base Fire Fee is equal to the allocated cost per dwelling unit or thousand nonresidential building square feet.

APPENDICES:

- Appendix A: Fire Facilities and Apparatus Bond Financing
- Appendix B: Fresno Fire Department Service Call Activity



APPENDIX A:

Fire Facilities and Apparatus Bond Financing

Table A-1	Debt Service and Financing Costs-Existing Fire FacilitiesA-1
Table A-2	Debt Service and Financing Cost Summary— Planned Fire Facilities and ApparatusA-2
Table A-3	Station 18 Debt Service and Financing Cost DetailA-3
Table A-4	Debt Service and Financing Cost Detail— Planned Fire Facilities and Apparatus (2 pages)A-4
Table A-5	Future Facilities and Apparatus Schedule



Item	Formula	Facilities
Total Existing Bond Size		\$19,895,000
Land Acquisition and Construction Proceeds		\$17,560,000
Facility Cost Percent of Total Bond Size	А	88.26%
Present Value of Remaining Debt Service (2020-2039) at 3.00% Less Remaining Construction and Land Acquisition Proceeds	В	\$21,678,933
Land Acquisition and Construction Proceeds	С	\$17.560.000
Less Const. & Land Acg. Proceeds Already Paid (88.26% of principal payments made)	D=A*\$3.59M	(\$3,164,242)
Subtotal	E=C+D	\$14,395,758
Financing Costs	B-E	\$7,283,176
Financing Costs Funded by Development Impact Fee (Rounded) [1]	F*49%	\$3,570,000

PAYMENT SCHEDULE		Year	Annual Debt Service	Principal Payment	Interest Payment				
Assumption		Debt Service Paid							
		2010	\$1,459,951	\$330,000	\$1,129,951				
Estimated Inflation Factor [2]	3.00%	2011	\$1,457,381	\$310,000	\$1,147,381				
Bond Term (Years)	30	2012	\$1,458,081	\$320,000	\$1,138,081				
		2013	\$1,458,481	\$330,000	\$1,128,481				
		2014	\$1,455,281	\$340,000	\$1,115,281				
		2015	\$1,456,681	\$355,000	\$1,101,681				
		2016	\$1,457,481	\$370,000	\$1,087,481				
		2017	\$1,458,981	\$390,000	\$1,068,981				
		2018	\$1,459,481	\$410,000	\$1,049,481				
		2019	\$1,458,981	\$430,000	\$1,028,981				
		Subtotal	\$14,580,782	\$3,585,000	\$10,995,782				
			Remaining L	Debt Service					
		2020	\$1,457,481	\$450,000	\$1,007,481				
		2021	\$1,454,981	\$470,000	\$984,981				
		2022	\$1,455,894	\$495,000	\$960,894				
		2023	\$1,459,906	\$525,000	\$934,906				
		2024	\$1,456,031	\$550,000	\$906,031				
		2025	\$1,455,094	\$580,000	\$875,094				
		2026	\$1,456,744	\$615,000	\$841,744				
		2027	\$1,454,844	\$650,000	\$804,844				
		2028	\$1,458,406	\$695,000	\$763,406				
		2029	\$1,459,100	\$740,000	\$719,100				
		2030	\$1,456,925	\$785,000	\$671,925				
		2031	\$1,456,881	\$835,000	\$621,881				
		2032	\$1,458,650	\$890,000	\$568,650				
		2033	\$1,456,913	\$945,000	\$511,913				
		2034	\$1,456,669	\$1,005,000	\$451,669				
		2035	\$1,457,600	\$1,070,000	\$387,600				
		2036	\$1,459,388	\$1,140,000	\$319,388				
		2037	\$1,456,713	\$1,210,000	\$246,713				
		2038	\$1,459,575	\$1,290,000	\$169,575				
		2039	\$1,457,338	\$1,370,000	\$87,338				
		Subtotal	\$29,145,131	\$16,310,000	\$12,835,131				
		Total	\$43,725,913	\$19,895,000	\$23,830,913				

Source: Fresno Lease Revenue Bonds 2006 Debt Service Schedule for Fire Projects

 Percentage of financing costs funded by the development impact fee based on a deficiency analysis conducted as part of the 2005 Fire & Police Facilities Impact Fee Nexus Study.

[2] Annual fee program inflation is recommended to be based on the annual change in ENR-CCI. This analysis assumes 3.00%.

ex bond1

Table A-2 Fresno Fire Impact Fee Program Update Debt Service and Financing Cost Summary Planned Fire Facilities and Apparatus

Planned Facilities

			Debt Service				
	—	Station 18	Bond Financing				
ltem	Year	Loan	for Other Facilities	Total			
Source:		Table A-3	Table A-4				
	<u>Financing</u>	<u>q Costs</u>					
Present Value of Debt Service		\$3,614,047	\$260,342,661	\$263,956,708			
_ess Principal		(\$3,500,000)	(\$168,718,375)	(\$172,218,375			
Financing Costs		\$114,047	\$91,624,286	\$91,738,33			
Financing Costs (Rounded)		\$100,000	\$91,600,000	\$91,700,00			
	Debt Service		¢0.	\$			
	2019 2020	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$			
	2020	\$184,386	\$917,343	\$1,101,72			
	2021	\$184,386	\$1,514,705	\$1,699,09			
	2022						
		\$184,386 \$184,386	\$2,018,738 \$2,244,065	\$2,203,12 \$2,428,45			
	2024	\$184,386 \$184,386	\$2,244,065 \$2,438,410	\$2,428,45 \$2,622,79			
	2025	\$184,386 \$184,386	\$2,438,410 \$3,035,773	\$2,622,79			
	2026	\$184,386 \$184,386	\$3,035,773	\$3,220,15			
	2027	\$184,386	\$3,633,136	\$3,817,52			
	2028	\$184,386 \$184,386	\$4,230,499 \$4,927,961	\$4,414,88			
	2029	\$184,386	\$4,827,861 \$5,650,552	\$5,012,24			
	2030	\$184,386 \$184,386	\$5,650,552 \$6,442,260	\$5,834,93			
	2031	\$184,386	\$6,442,260 \$7,020,622	\$6,626,64			
	2032	\$184,386	\$7,039,623	\$7,224,00			
	2033	\$184,386	\$7,636,985	\$7,821,37			
	2034	\$184,386	\$9,186,900 \$0,784,262	\$9,371,28			
	2035	\$184,386	\$9,784,263	\$9,968,64			
	2036	\$184,386	\$11,623,494	\$11,807,88			
	2037	\$184,386	\$12,071,109	\$12,255,49			
	2038	\$184,386	\$12,490,782	\$12,675,16			
	2039	\$184,386	\$13,282,490	\$13,466,87			
	2040	\$184,386	\$13,282,490	\$13,466,87			
	2041	\$184,386	\$13,282,490	\$13,466,87			
	2042	\$184,386	\$13,282,490	\$13,466,87			
	2043	\$184,386	\$13,282,490	\$13,466,87			
	2044	\$184,386	\$13,282,490	\$13,466,87			
	2045	\$184,386	\$13,282,490	\$13,466,87			
	2046	\$184,386	\$13,282,490	\$13,466,87			
	2047	\$184,386	\$13,282,490	\$13,466,87			
	2048	\$184,386	\$13,282,490	\$13,466,87			
	2049	\$184,386	\$13,282,490 \$13,282,400	\$13,466,87			
	2050	\$184,386	\$13,282,490	\$13,466,87			
	2051	\$0 \$0	\$12,365,147 \$11,767,784	\$12,365,14			
	2052	\$0 \$0	\$11,767,784	\$11,767,78			
	2053	\$0 \$0	\$11,263,752 \$11,038,425	\$11,263,75			
	2054	\$0 \$0	\$11,038,425	\$11,038,42			
	2055	\$0 \$0	\$10,844,080 \$10,246,717	\$10,844,08			
	2056	\$0 \$0	\$10,246,717	\$10,246,71			
	2057	\$0 \$0	\$9,649,354	\$9,649,35			
	2058	\$0 \$0	\$9,051,991 \$8,454,628	\$9,051,99			
	2059	\$0 \$0	\$8,454,628	\$8,454,62			
	2060	\$0 \$0	\$7,631,938 \$6,840,230	\$7,631,93			
	2061	\$0 \$0	\$6,840,230	\$6,840,23			
	2062	\$0 \$0	\$6,242,867	\$6,242,86			
	2063	\$0	\$5,645,504	\$5,645,50			
	2064	\$0	\$4,095,590	\$4,095,59			
	2065	\$0	\$3,498,227	\$3,498,22			
	2066	\$0	\$1,658,996	\$1,658,99			
	2067	\$0	\$1,211,380	\$1,211,38			
	2068	\$0	\$791,708	\$791,70			
	Total	\$5,531,580	\$398,474,692	\$404,006,273			

Table A-3Fresno Fire Impact Fee Program UpdateStation 18 Debt Service and Financing Cost Detail

Item	Station 18
Loan Interest Rate	3.25%
Loan Term (Years)	30
Estimated Inflation Factor	3.00%
Loan Amount	\$3,500,000
Annual Debt Service	\$184,386
First Year	2021
Last Year	2050
Present Value of Debt Service	\$3,614,047
Less Principal	(\$3,500,000)
Financing Costs	\$114,047
Year	Annual Debt
2019	\$0
2020	\$0
2021	\$184,386
2022	\$184,386
2023	\$184,386
2024	\$184,386
2025	\$184,386
2026	\$184,386
2027	\$184,386
2028	\$184,386
2029	\$184,386
2030	\$184,386
2031	\$184,386
2032	\$184,386
2033	\$184,386
2034	\$184,386
2035	\$184,386
2036	\$184,386
2037	\$184,386
2038	\$184,386
2039	\$184,386
2040	\$184,386
2041	\$184,386
2042	\$184,386
2043	\$184,386
2044	\$184,386
2045	\$184,386 \$184,386
2046	\$184,386 \$184,286
2047	\$184,386 \$184,286
2048	\$184,386 \$184,386
2049	\$184,386 \$184,286
	\$184,386 \$5 531 590
TOTAL	\$5,531,580

st 18

Table A-4 Fresno Fire Impact Fee Program Update Debt Service and Financing Cost Detail Planned Fire Facilities and Apparatus

Item	Source	Total	Station 10	Training Fac. Phase 1	Station 22	Station 12	Station 7	Station 9	Station 25	Station 31	Station 21	Station 23	Station 26	Station 19	Station 5	Station 30	Station 24
Bond Interest Rate Bond Term (years) Const. Proceeds Pct. Estimated Inflation Factor		5.25% 30 85% 3.00%															
Construction Proceeds Total Bond Size Annual Debt Service First Year	Table A-5 Table A-5	\$168,718,375 \$198,492,206	\$6,402,375 \$7,532,206 \$504,032 2021	\$5,250,000 \$6,176,471 \$413,310 2021	\$7,587,891 \$8,926,931 \$597,363 2022	\$6,402,375 \$7,532,206 \$504,032 2023	\$2,862,181 \$3,367,272 \$225,328 2024	\$2,468,631 \$2,904,272 \$194,345 2025	\$7,587,891 \$8,926,931 \$597,363 2026	\$7,587,891 \$8,926,931 \$597,363 2027	\$7,587,891 \$8,926,931 \$597,363 2028	\$7,587,891 \$8,926,931 \$597,363 2029	\$7,587,891 \$8,926,931 \$597,363 2030	\$2,862,181 \$3,367,272 \$225,328 2030	\$2,468,631 \$2,904,272 \$194,345 2031	\$7,587,891 \$8,926,931 \$597,363 2031	\$7,587,891 \$8,926,931 \$597,363 2032
Last Year Present Value of Debt Service Less Bond Proceeds		\$260,342,661 (\$168,718,375)	2050 \$9,879,252 (\$6,402,375)	2050 \$8,101,068 (\$5,250,000)	2051 \$11,708,576 (\$7,587,891)	2052 \$9,879,252 (\$6,402,375)	2053 \$4,416,519 (\$2,862,181)	2054 \$3,809,248 (\$2,468,631)	2055 \$11,708,576 (\$7,587,891)	2056 \$11,708,576 (\$7,587,891)	2057 \$11,708,576 (\$7,587,891)	2058 \$11,708,576 (\$7,587,891)	2059 \$11,708,576 (\$7,587,891)	2059 \$4,416,519 (\$2,862,181)	2060 \$3,809,248 (\$2,468,631)	2060 \$11,708,576 (\$7,587,891)	2061 \$11,708,576 (\$7,587,891)
Financing Costs <u>Year</u>		\$91,624,286	\$3,476,877	\$2,851,068	\$4,120,684	\$3,476,877	\$1,554,338	\$1,340,616	\$4,120,684 Annual De	\$4,120,684 bt Service	\$4,120,684	\$4,120,684	\$4,120,684	\$1,554,338	\$1,340,616	\$4,120,684	\$4,120,684
2019		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0		\$0	\$0	\$0
2020 2021		\$0 \$917,343	\$0 \$504,032	\$0 \$413,310	\$0 \$0												
2022		\$1,514,705	\$504,032	\$413,310	\$597,363	\$0 \$0											
2023		\$2,018,738	\$504,032	\$413,310	\$597,363	\$504,032	\$0 \$005 308	\$0 \$0									
2024 2025		\$2,244,065 \$2,438,410	\$504,032 \$504,032	\$413,310 \$413,310	\$597,363 \$597,363	\$504,032 \$504,032	\$225,328 \$225,328	۵۵ \$194,345	\$0 \$0								
2026		\$3,035,773	\$504,032	\$413,310	\$597,363	\$504,032	\$225,328	\$194,345	\$597,363	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
2027 2028		\$3,633,136 \$4,230,499	\$504,032 \$504,032	\$413,310 \$413,310	\$597,363 \$597,363	\$504,032 \$504,032	\$225,328 \$225,328	\$194,345 \$194,345	\$597,363 \$597,363	\$597,363 \$597,363	\$0 \$597,363	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0
2029		\$4,827,861	\$504,032	\$413,310	\$597,363	\$504,032	\$225,328	\$194,345	\$597,363	\$597,363	\$597,363	\$597,363	\$0		\$0	\$0	\$0
2030		\$5,650,552	\$504,032	\$413,310	\$597,363	\$504,032	\$225,328	\$194,345	\$597,363	\$597,363	\$597,363	\$597,363	\$597,363	\$225,328	\$0	\$0	\$0
2031 2032		\$6,442,260 \$7,039,623	\$504,032 \$504,032	\$413,310 \$413,310	\$597,363 \$597,363	\$504,032 \$504,032	\$225,328 \$225,328	\$194,345 \$194,345	\$597,363 \$597,363	\$597,363 \$597,363	\$597,363 \$597,363	\$597,363 \$597,363	\$597,363 \$597,363	\$225,328 \$225,328	\$194,345 \$194,345	\$597,363 \$597,363	\$0 \$597,363
2033		\$7,636,985	\$504,032	\$413,310	\$597,363	\$504,032	\$225,328	\$194,345	\$597,363	\$597,363	\$597,363	\$597,363	\$597,363	\$225,328	\$194,345	\$597,363	\$597,363
2034 2035		\$9,186,900 \$9,784,263	\$504,032 \$504,032	\$413,310 \$413,310	\$597,363 \$597,363	\$504,032 \$504,032	\$225,328 \$225,328	\$194,345 \$194,345	\$597,363 \$597,363	\$597,363 \$597,363	\$597,363 \$597,363	\$597,363 \$597,363	\$597,363 \$597,363	\$225,328 \$225,328	\$194,345 \$194,345	\$597,363 \$597,363	\$597,363 \$597,363
2036		\$9,784,283 \$11,623,494	\$504,032	\$413,310 \$413,310	\$597,363	\$504,032	\$225,328 \$225,328	\$194,345	\$597,363	\$597,363	\$597,363	\$597,363	\$597,363	\$225,328 \$225,328	\$194,345	\$597,363	\$597,363
2037		\$12,071,109	\$504,032	\$413,310	\$597,363	\$504,032	\$225,328	\$194,345	\$597,363	\$597,363	\$597,363	\$597,363	\$597,363	\$225,328	\$194,345	\$597,363	\$597,363
2038 2039		\$12,490,782 \$13,282,490	\$504,032 \$504,032	\$413,310 \$413,310	\$597,363 \$597,363	\$504,032 \$504,032	\$225,328 \$225,328	\$194,345 \$194,345	\$597,363 \$597,363	\$597,363 \$597,363	\$597,363 \$597,363	\$597,363 \$597,363	\$597,363 \$597,363	\$225,328 \$225,328	\$194,345 \$194,345	\$597,363 \$597,363	\$597,363 \$597,363
2040		\$13,282,490	\$504,032	\$413,310	\$597,363	\$504,032	\$225,328	\$194,345	\$597,363	\$597,363	\$597,363	\$597,363	\$597,363	\$225,328	\$194,345	\$597,363	\$597,363
2041 2042		\$13,282,490	\$504,032	\$413,310	\$597,363	\$504,032	\$225,328	\$194,345	\$597,363	\$597,363	\$597,363	\$597,363	\$597,363	\$225,328	\$194,345	\$597,363 \$597,363	\$597,363
2042 2043		\$13,282,490 \$13,282,490	\$504,032 \$504,032	\$413,310 \$413,310	\$597,363 \$597,363	\$504,032 \$504,032	\$225,328 \$225,328	\$194,345 \$194,345	\$597,363 \$597,363	\$597,363 \$597,363	\$597,363 \$597,363	\$597,363 \$597,363	\$597,363 \$597,363	\$225,328 \$225,328	\$194,345 \$194,345	\$597,363 \$597,363	\$597,363 \$597,363
2044		\$13,282,490	\$504,032	\$413,310	\$597,363	\$504,032	\$225,328	\$194,345	\$597,363	\$597,363	\$597,363	\$597,363	\$597,363	\$225,328	\$194,345	\$597,363	\$597,363
2045 2046		\$13,282,490 \$13,282,490	\$504,032 \$504,032	\$413,310 \$413,310	\$597,363 \$597,363	\$504,032 \$504,032	\$225,328 \$225,328	\$194,345 \$194,345	\$597,363 \$597,363	\$597,363 \$597,363	\$597,363 \$597,363	\$597,363 \$597,363	\$597,363 \$597,363	\$225,328 \$225,328	\$194,345 \$194,345	\$597,363 \$597,363	\$597,363 \$597,363
2047		\$13,282,490	\$504,032	\$413,310	\$597,363	\$504,032	\$225,328	\$194,345	\$597,363	\$597,363	\$597,363	\$597,363	\$597,363	\$225,328	\$194,345	\$597,363	\$597,363
2048		\$13,282,490	\$504,032	\$413,310	\$597,363	\$504,032	\$225,328	\$194,345	\$597,363	\$597,363	\$597,363	\$597,363	\$597,363	\$225,328	\$194,345	\$597,363	\$597,363
2049 2050		\$13,282,490 \$13,282,490	\$504,032 \$504,032	\$413,310 \$413,310	\$597,363 \$597,363	\$504,032 \$504,032	\$225,328 \$225,328	\$194,345 \$194,345	\$597,363 \$597,363	\$597,363 \$597,363	\$597,363 \$597,363	\$597,363 \$597,363	\$597,363 \$597,363	\$225,328 \$225,328	\$194,345 \$194,345	\$597,363 \$597,363	\$597,363 \$597,363
2051		\$12,365,147	\$0	\$0	\$597,363	\$504,032	\$225,328	\$194,345	\$597,363	\$597,363	\$597,363	\$597,363	\$597,363	\$225,328	\$194,345	\$597,363	\$597,363
2052 2053		\$11,767,784 \$11,263,752	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$504,032 \$0	\$225,328 \$225,328	\$194,345 \$194,345	\$597,363 \$597,363	\$597,363 \$597,363	\$597,363 \$597,363	\$597,363 \$597,363	\$597,363 \$597,363	\$225,328 \$225,328	\$194,345 \$194,345	\$597,363 \$597,363	\$597,363 \$597,363
2054		\$11,038,425	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$194,345	\$597,363	\$597,363	\$597,363	\$597,363	\$597,363	\$225,328	\$194,345	\$597,363	\$597,363
2055		\$10,844,080	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$597,363	\$597,363	\$597,363	\$597,363	\$597,363		\$194,345	\$597,363	\$597,363
2056 2057		\$10,246,717 \$9,649,354	\$0 \$0	\$597,363 \$0	\$597,363 \$597,363	\$597,363 \$597,363	\$597,363 \$597,363	\$225,328 \$225,328	\$194,345 \$194,345	\$597,363 \$597,363	\$597,363 \$597,363						
2058		\$9,051,991	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$597,363	\$597,363	\$225,328	\$194,345	\$597,363	\$597,363
2059 2060		\$8,454,628 \$7,624,028	\$0 \$0	\$597,363	\$225,328	\$194,345	\$597,363 \$597,363	\$597,363 \$507,363									
2060		\$7,631,938 \$6,840,230	\$0 \$0	\$194,345 \$0	۵۵۶ <i>۲</i> ,363 \$0	\$597,363 \$597,363											
2062		\$6,242,867	\$0	\$0	\$0 \$0	\$0	\$0 *0	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$0	\$0	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$0
2063 2064		\$5,645,504 \$4,095,590	\$0 \$0		\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0										
2065		\$3,498,227	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0 \$0	\$0
2066		\$1,658,996	\$0 \$0		\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0										
2067 2068		\$1,211,380 \$791,708	\$0 \$0		\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0										
TOTAL		\$398,474,692		\$12,399,314	\$17,920,886		\$6,759,826	\$5,830,350			1.1	1 -			\$5,830,350	\$17,920,886	\$17,920,886



Table A-4 Fresno Fire Impact Fee Program Update Debt Service and Financing Cost Detail Planned Fire Facilities and Apparatus

Item	Source	Total	Station 28	Training Fac. Phase 2	Station 29	Shop Facility	Station 6	Station 8	Station 15	Station 2	Station 27
Bond Interest Rate Bond Term (years) Const. Proceeds Pct.		5.25% 30 85%									
Estimated Inflation Factor		3.00%									
Construction Proceeds	Table A-5	\$168,718,375	\$7,587,891	\$19,687,500	\$7,587,891	\$23,362,500	\$5,685,750	\$2,862,181	\$2,468,631	\$2,468,631	\$7,587,89 ²
Total Bond Size Annual Debt Service		\$198,492,206	\$8,926,931	\$23,161,765	\$8,926,931	\$27,485,294	\$6,689,118	\$3,367,272	\$2,904,272	\$2,904,272	\$8,926,93
First Year	Table A-5		\$597,363 2033	\$1,549,914 2034	\$597,363 2035	\$1,839,232 2036	\$447,615 2037	\$225,328 2038	\$194,345 2038	\$194,345 2039	\$597,36 203
Last Year	10010110		2062	2063	2064	2065	2066	2067	2067	2068	206
Present Value of Debt Service		\$260,342,661	\$11,708,576	\$30,379,004	\$11,708,576	\$36,049,751	\$8,773,456	\$4,416,519	\$3,809,248	\$3,809,248	\$11,708,57
Less Bond Proceeds		(\$168,718,375)	(\$7,587,891)	(\$19,687,500)	(\$7,587,891)	(\$23,362,500)	(\$5,685,750)	(\$2,862,181)	(\$2,468,631)	(\$2,468,631)	(\$7,587,89
Financing Costs		\$91,624,286	\$4,120,684	\$10,691,504	\$4,120,684	\$12,687,251	\$3,087,706	\$1,554,338	\$1,340,616	\$1,340,616	\$4,120,68
Year			* 2	<u>^</u>	*	Annual Deb		A 0	<u>^</u>	^	
2019 2020		\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	
2021		\$917,343	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	
2022		\$1,514,705	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	ç
2023		\$2,018,738	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	:
2024		\$2,244,065	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	:
2025		\$2,438,410	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	:
2026		\$3,035,773	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	
2027 2028		\$3,633,136 \$4,230,499	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	
2029		\$4,827,861	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0 \$0	\$0	\$0	
2030		\$5,650,552	\$0	\$0	\$0		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	
2031		\$6,442,260	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	
2032		\$7,039,623	\$0	\$0	\$0		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	
2033		\$7,636,985	\$597,363	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	
2034 2035		\$9,186,900 \$9,784,263	\$597,363 \$597,363	\$1,549,914 \$1,549,914	\$0 \$597,363		\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	
2036		\$11,623,494	\$597,363	\$1,549,914	\$597,363	\$1,839,232	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	
2037		\$12,071,109	\$597,363	\$1,549,914	\$597,363	\$1,839,232	\$447,615	\$0 \$0	\$0	\$0	
2038		\$12,490,782	\$597,363	\$1,549,914	\$597,363	\$1,839,232	\$447,615	\$225,328	\$194,345	\$0	:
2039		\$13,282,490	\$597,363	\$1,549,914	\$597,363	\$1,839,232	\$447,615	\$225,328	\$194,345	\$194,345	\$597,3
2040		\$13,282,490	\$597,363	\$1,549,914	\$597,363	\$1,839,232	\$447,615	\$225,328	\$194,345	\$194,345	\$597,3
2041		\$13,282,490	\$597,363	\$1,549,914	\$597,363	\$1,839,232	\$447,615	\$225,328	\$194,345	\$194,345	\$597,3
2042 2043		\$13,282,490 \$13,282,490	\$597,363 \$597,363	\$1,549,914 \$1,549,914	\$597,363 \$597,363	\$1,839,232 \$1,839,232	\$447,615 \$447,615	\$225,328 \$225,328	\$194,345 \$194,345	\$194,345 \$194,345	\$597,3 \$597,3
2043		\$13,282,490	\$597,363	\$1,549,914	\$597,363	\$1,839,232	\$447,615	\$225,328	\$194,345	\$194,345	\$597,3
2045		\$13,282,490	\$597,363	\$1,549,914	\$597,363	\$1,839,232	\$447,615	\$225,328	\$194,345	\$194,345	\$597,3
2046		\$13,282,490	\$597,363	\$1,549,914	\$597,363	\$1,839,232	\$447,615	\$225,328	\$194,345	\$194,345	\$597,3
2047		\$13,282,490	\$597,363	\$1,549,914	\$597,363	\$1,839,232	\$447,615	\$225,328	\$194,345	\$194,345	\$597,3
2048		\$13,282,490	\$597,363	\$1,549,914	\$597,363	\$1,839,232	\$447,615	\$225,328	\$194,345	\$194,345	\$597,3
2049 2050		\$13,282,490	\$597,363 \$507,263	\$1,549,914 \$1,540,014	\$597,363	\$1,839,232 \$1,839,232	\$447,615 \$447,615	\$225,328 \$225,328	\$194,345 \$104,345	\$194,345 \$104,345	\$597,3 \$597,3
2050		\$13,282,490 \$12,365,147	\$597,363 \$597,363	\$1,549,914 \$1,549,914	\$597,363 \$597,363	\$1,839,232 \$1,839,232	\$447,615 \$447,615	\$225,328 \$225,328	\$194,345 \$194,345	\$194,345 \$194,345	\$597,3 \$597,3
2052		\$11,767,784	\$597,363	\$1,549,914	\$597,363	\$1,839,232	\$447,615	\$225,328	\$194,345	\$194,345	\$597,3
2053		\$11,263,752	\$597,363	\$1,549,914	\$597,363	\$1,839,232	\$447,615	\$225,328	\$194,345	\$194,345	\$597,3
2054		\$11,038,425	\$597,363	\$1,549,914	\$597,363	\$1,839,232	\$447,615	\$225,328	\$194,345	\$194,345	\$597,3
2055		\$10,844,080	\$597,363	\$1,549,914	\$597,363	\$1,839,232	\$447,615	\$225,328	\$194,345	\$194,345	\$597,3
2056		\$10,246,717	\$597,363	\$1,549,914	\$597,363	\$1,839,232	\$447,615	\$225,328	\$194,345	\$194,345	\$597,3
2057 2058		\$9,649,354 \$9,051,991	\$597,363 \$597,363	\$1,549,914 \$1,549,914	\$597,363 \$597,363	\$1,839,232 \$1,839,232	\$447,615 \$447,615	\$225,328 \$225,328	\$194,345 \$194,345	\$194,345 \$194,345	\$597,30 \$597,30
2058		\$9,051,991 \$8,454,628	\$597,363 \$597,363	\$1,549,914 \$1,549,914	\$597,363 \$597,363	\$1,839,232 \$1,839,232	\$447,615 \$447,615	\$225,328 \$225,328	\$194,345 \$194,345	\$194,345 \$194,345	\$597,3 \$597,3
2060		\$7,631,938	\$597,363	\$1,549,914	\$597,363	\$1,839,232	\$447,615	\$225,328	\$194,345	\$194,345	\$597,3
2061		\$6,840,230	\$597,363	\$1,549,914	\$597,363	\$1,839,232	\$447,615	\$225,328	\$194,345	\$194,345	\$597,3
2062		\$6,242,867	\$597,363	\$1,549,914	\$597,363	\$1,839,232	\$447,615	\$225,328	\$194,345	\$194,345	\$597,3
2063		\$5,645,504	\$0	\$1,549,914	\$597,363	\$1,839,232	\$447,615	\$225,328	\$194,345	\$194,345	\$597,3
2064		\$4,095,590	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$597,363	\$1,839,232	\$447,615	\$225,328	\$194,345	\$194,345	\$597,3
2065 2066		\$3,498,227 \$1,658,996	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0		\$447,615 \$447,615	\$225,328 \$225,328	\$194,345 \$194,345	\$194,345 \$194,345	\$597,3 \$597,3
2000		\$1,211,380	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0		\$447,015 \$0	\$225,328 \$225,328	\$194,345 \$194,345	\$194,345 \$194,345	\$597,3
2068		\$791,708	\$0	\$0 \$0	\$0		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$194,345	\$597,3
TOTAL		\$398,474,692	\$17,920,886	\$46,497,428	\$17,920,886		\$13,428,457	\$6,759,826	\$5,830,350	\$5,830,350	\$17,920,88



Table A-5 Fresno Fire Impact Fee Program Update Future Facilities and Apparatus Schedule

					Construction Costs					Арра	Total	
Planned Facility	Location	Improvement Type	Const. Year		Site Imp. & Parking	Building	Soft excl land	Construction Subtotal	Total Costs	Pct. [1]	Cost	Bond/Loan Funded Cost [2]
Percentage Bond Funded				0%	70%	70%	70%				70%	
Formula				Α	В	С	D	E=B+C+D	F=A+E	G	H=G*Total H	F+H
Station 18	Shaw & Bryan	Replacement	2021	\$0	\$386,400	\$4,708,998	\$1,273,850	\$6,369,248	\$6,369,248	0.0%	\$0	\$3,500,000
Station 10	Clinton & Armstrong	Replacement	2021	\$0	\$315,000	\$4,806,900	\$1,280,475	\$6,402,375	\$6,402,375	0.0%	\$0	\$6,402,37
Training Facility – Burn Tower/Modular Bldg only	Undetermined	Replacement	2021	\$0	\$1,050,000	\$4,200,000	\$0	\$5,250,000	\$5,250,000	0.0%	\$0	\$5,250,000
Station 22	North & Chestnut	New	2022	\$0	\$315,000	\$4,806,900	\$1,280,475	\$6,402,375	\$6,402,375	7.4%	\$1,185,516	\$7,587,89 [,]
Station 12	Marks & Acacia	Replacement	2023	\$0	\$315,000	\$4,806,900	\$1,280,475	\$6,402,375	\$6,402,375	0.0%	\$0	\$6,402,37
Station 7	Cherry & Jensen	Expansion	2024	\$0	\$0	\$1,932,000	\$483,000	\$2,415,000	\$2,415,000	2.8%	\$447,181	\$2,862,18 ⁻
Station 9	Clinton & Fruit	Expansion	2025	\$0	\$0	\$1,666,350	\$416,588	\$2,082,938	\$2,082,938	2.4%	\$385,694	\$2,468,63 [,]
Station 25	McKinley & DeWolf	New	2026	\$0	\$315,000	\$4,806,900	\$1,280,475	\$6,402,375	\$6,402,375	7.4%	\$1,185,516	\$7,587,89 [,]
Station 31	Central & Cherry	New	2027	\$0	\$315,000	\$4,806,900	\$1,280,475	\$6,402,375	\$6,402,375	7.4%	\$1,185,516	\$7,587,89 [,]
Station 21	Belmont & Van Ness	New	2028	\$0	\$315,000	\$4,806,900	\$1,280,475	\$6,402,375	\$6,402,375	7.4%	\$1,185,516	\$7,587,89 ²
Station 23	Church & Fruit	New	2029	\$0	\$315,000	\$4,806,900	\$1,280,475	\$6,402,375	\$6,402,375	7.4%	\$1,185,516	\$7,587,89 [,]
Station 26	Calif. & Temperance	New	2030	\$0	\$315,000	\$4,806,900	\$1,280,475	\$6,402,375	\$6,402,375	7.4%	\$1,185,516	\$7,587,89
Station 19	Belmont & Marks	Expansion	2030	\$0	\$0	\$1,932,000	\$483,000	\$2,415,000	\$2,415,000	2.8%	\$447,181	\$2,862,18
Station 5	Fresno & Shields	Expansion	2031	\$0	\$0	\$1,666,350	\$416,588	\$2,082,938	\$2,082,938	2.4%	\$385,694	\$2,468,63
Station 30	Dakota & Brawley	New	2031	\$0	\$315,000	\$4,806,900	\$1,280,475	\$6,402,375	\$6,402,375	7.4%	\$1,185,516	\$7,587,89
Station 24	Herndon & Brawley	New	2032	\$0	\$315,000	\$4,806,900	\$1,280,475	\$6,402,375	\$6,402,375	7.4%	\$1,185,516	\$7,587,89
Station 28	Champlain & Friant	New	2033	\$0	\$315,000	\$4,806,900	\$1,280,475	\$6,402,375	\$6,402,375	7.4%	\$1,185,516	\$7,587,89
Completion of Training Facility	Undetermined	Replacement	2034	\$0	\$315,000	\$14,700,000	\$4,672,500	\$19,687,500	\$19,687,500	0.0%	\$0	\$19,687,500
Station 29	Barstow & Brawley	New	2035	\$0	\$315,000	\$4,806,900	\$1,280,475	\$6,402,375	\$6,402,375	7.4%	\$1,185,516	\$7,587,89
Shop Facility	Undetermined	Replacement	2036	\$0	\$1,050,000	\$17,640,000	\$4,672,500	\$23,362,500	\$23,362,500	0.0%	\$0	\$23,362,500
Station 6	Gettysburg & Rowell	Replacement	2037	\$0	\$315,000	\$4,233,600	\$1,137,150	\$5,685,750	\$5,685,750	0.0%	\$0	\$5,685,750
Station 8	Cedar & Butler	Expansion	2038	\$0	\$0	\$1,932,000	\$483,000	\$2,415,000	\$2,415,000	2.8%	\$447,181	\$2,862,18
Station 15	Clovis & Park Cir Dr.	Expansion	2038	\$0	\$0	\$1,666,350	\$416,588	\$2,082,938	\$2,082,938	2.4%	\$385,694	\$2,468,63
Station 2	West & Fir	Expansion	2039	\$0	\$0	\$1,666,350	\$416,588	\$2,082,938	\$2,082,938	2.4%	\$385,694	\$2,468,63
Station 27	Teague & Chestnut	New	2039	\$0	\$315,000	\$4,806,900	\$1,280,475	\$6,402,375	\$6,402,375	7.4%	\$1,185,516	\$7,587,89
Total				\$0	\$7,211,400	\$120,433,698	\$31,517,525	\$159,162,623	\$159,162,623	100.0%	\$15,925,000	\$172,218,37
Total New and Expansion Stations				\$0	\$3,465,000	\$65,337,300	\$17,200,575	\$86,002,875	\$86,002,875	100.0%		

Source: City of Fresno, Fresno Fire Department, and EPS.

sched

[1] Percentage of "Total New and Expansion Stations" cost.

[2] The Station 18 amount is the amount to be funded by a loan from the City. The remainder of the Station 18 cost is advance funded by the developer.

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APPENDIX B:

Fresno Fire Department Service Call Activity

Table B-1	Distribution of Fire Call ActivityB-1
Table B-2	Detailed Fire Call Activity, 2001–2014B-2
Table B-3	Estimated Allocation of Uncategorized Fire Call ActivityB-3



Table B-1 Fresno Fire Impact Fee Program Update Distribution of Fire Call Activity (2010-2014 Average)

		Total Est.	Percentage	of Calls [3]	Estimated Annual Calls			
Code [1]	Type of Call	Annual Calls	Resid.	Nonresid.	Resid.	Nonresid.		
		[2]						
Fire Cal	lls							
r	Residential	6,239	100.0%	0.0%	6,239	0		
nr	Industrial, Utility, Defense, Agriculture, Mining	67	0.0%	100.0%	0	67		
nr	Manufacturing, Processing	116	0.0%	100.0%	0	116		
nr	Mercantile, Business	1,175	0.0%	100.0%	0	1,175		
nr	Health Care, Detention, Correction	588	0.0%	100.0%	0	588		
sh	Assembly	520	92.1%	7.9%	479	41		
sh	Educational	484	92.1%	7.9%	446	38		
sh	Property Type Not Specified	4,654	92.1%	7.9%	4,287	367		
sh	Storage	299	92.1%	7.9%	276	24		
	SUBTOTAL	14,142			11,727	2,416		
Medical	I Aid/Rescue							
r	Residential	13,552	100.0%	0.0%	13,552	0		
nr	Industrial, Utility, Defense, Agriculture, Mining	17	0.0%	100.0%	0	17		
nr	Manufacturing, Processing	29	0.0%	100.0%	0	29		
nr	Mercantile, Business	662	0.0%	100.0%	0	662		
nr	Health Care, Detention, Correction	667	0.0%	100.0%	0	667		
sh	Assembly	498	92.1%	7.9%	459	39		
sh	Educational	217	92.1%	7.9%	200	17		
sh	Property Type Not Specified	3,968	92.1%	7.9%	3,655	313		
sh	Storage	63	92.1%	7.9%	58	5		
	SUBTOTAL	19,674			17,924	1,750		
Grand T	Fotal	33,817			29,651	4,166		
Share o	f Total				87.7%	12.3%		

call dist

Source: Fresno Fire Department

[1] Categorization by EPS. Code as follows:

r = Directly Assigned to Residential

nr = Directly Assigned to Nonresidential

sh = Shared Assignment based on Potential Service. See Table B-3 for percentage split between residential and nonresidential.

[2] See Table B-2.

[3] See Table B-3 for pct. allocation of uncategorized calls.

Table B-2 Fresno Fire Impact Fee Program Update Detailed Fire Call Activity, 2001-2014

Code [1]	Type of Call	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2010-2014 Average
Fire Ca	alls															
r	Residential	7,095	6,889	5,938	3,213	3,776	4,183	4,870	4,722	4876	4887	5599	6534	6883	7293	6,239
nr	Industrial, Utility, Defense, Agriculture, Mining	119	109	103	63	77	70	130	103	90	57	69	67	73	68	67
nr	Manufacturing, Processing	151	132	130	127	93	137	199	171	86	123	121	113	114	111	116
nr	Mercantile, Business	1,275	1,412	1,322	924	1,133	1,246	1,264	1,006	1051	1070	1219	1271	1140	1174	1,175
nr	Health Care, Detention, Correction	626	639	636	441	475	558	716	785	803	504	541	640	624	631	588
sh	Assembly	356	394	391	237	394	364	467	388	414	473	529	566	527	504	520
sh	Educational	396	457	437	416	497	514	589	543	483	494	483	505	462	475	484
sh	Property Type Not Specified	5,137	4,501	4,123	3,852	3,283	3,402	3,616	3,474	3372	3519	4002	4771	5299	5680	4,654
sh	Storage	193	164	191	167	231	259	217	170	200	221	238	231	361	446	299
	SUBTOTAL	15,348	14,697	13,271	9,440	9,959	10,733	12,068	11,362	11,375	11,348	12,801	14,698	15,483	16,382	14,142
Medica	al Aid/Rescue															
r	Residential	7,757	8,836	10,451	14,005	14,921	12,952	15,145	13,209	19010	13285	13821	13092	13528	14035	13,552
nr	Industrial, Utility, Defense, Agriculture, Mining	3	12	7	16	17	14	28	35	35	18	17	17	24	11	17
nr	Manufacturing, Processing	35	28	34	51	46	28	45	44	31	38	26	24	28	29	29
nr	Mercantile, Business	579	615	715	756	919	764	750	735	1008	660	730	660	625	637	662
nr	Health Care, Detention, Correction	597	630	821	929	1,228	972	1,987	1,730	2402	741	669	594	610	722	667
sh	Assembly	260	269	291	292	501	393	475	442	636	483	533	476	475	524	498
sh	Educational	141	118	172	206	233	203	265	259	327	211	232	219	196	225	217
sh	Property Type Not Specified	2,221	2,305	2,290	3,639	4,029	3,784	4,568	3,683	4872	4034	4346	3781	3733	3945	3,968
sh	Storage	12	15	12	16	45	49	78	120	65	76	73	65	59	44	63
	SUBTOTAL	11,605	12,828	14,793	19,910	21,939	19,159	23,341	20,257	28,386	19,546	20,447	18,928	19,278	20,172	19,674
Grand Total		26,953	27,525	28,064	29,350	31,898	29,892	35,409	31,619	39,761	30,894	33,248	33,626	34,761	36,554	33,817
																call detail

Source: Fresno Fire Department

[1] Categorization by EPS. Code as follows: r = Directly Assigned to Residential

nr = Directly Assigned to Nonresidential

sh = Shared Assignment based on Potential Service

Prepared by EPS 5/21/2019

call_allocation

Table B-3Fresno Fire Impact Fee Program UpdateEstimated Allocation of Uncategorized Fire Call Activity

Item	Formula	Population	Employees	Total
2014 Fire Service Population Percentage of Total	A	555,609 75.8%	177,590 24.2%	733,199 100.0%
Potential Service (Hours per Week) [1]	В	168	45	
Equivalent Factor [2]	C = B / 168	100.0%	26.8%	
Equivalent Persons Served	$D = A \times C$	555,609	47,569	603,178
Assignment of Uncategorized Calls	E = D / Total D	92.1%	7.9%	100.0%

Source: City of Fresno and EPS

- Maximum hours at home/work.
 Resid. hours = 7 days/week *24 hrs/day.
 Nonres. hours= 5 days/week*9 hrs/day.
- [2] Relates each employee to resident based on potential service hours.